	03,00,2023
1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN
3	SOUTHERN DIVISION
4	
5	ROBERT JULIAN-BORCHAK WILLIAMS,
6	Plaintiff,
7	-vs- No: 21-10827
8	HON. LAURIE J. MICHELSON
9	CITY OF DETROIT, a municipal
10	corporation; DETROIT POLICE
11	CHIEF JAMES CRAIG, in his
12	official capacity; and
13	DETECTIVE DONALD BUSSA, in
14	his individual capacity,
15	Defendants.
16	/
17	Pages 1 - 109.
18	
19	The videotaped deposition of JAMES CRAIG
20	taken via Hanson Virtual Remote
21	commencing at 1:00 p.m.
22	Wednesday, March 8, 2023,
23	before Ann L. Bacon CSR-1297.
24	
25	

25



1 APPEARANCES:

- 2
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- 23 ALSO PRESENT: MR. ROBERT WILLIAMS
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18	*The above exhibits have been labeled correctly,
19	however, during the deposition Mr. Wadood
20	inadvertently skipped Exhibit I, and thus in the
21	transcript Exhibits I through L are incorrectly
22	referred to.
23	
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		03/08/2023 Pag
1		Hanson Virtual Remote
2		Wednesday, March 8, 2023
3		1:00 p.m.
4		
5		COURT REPORTER: My name is Ann Bacon,
6		a Michigan State notary public and certified
7		shorthand reporter and this deposition is being
8		held via videoconferencing equipment. The
9		witness and reporter are not in the same room.
10		The witness will be sworn in remotely pursuant
11		to agreement of all parties. The parties
12		stipulate that the testimony is being given as
13		if the witness was sworn in person.
14		JAMES CRAIG
15		was thereupon called as a witness herein, after
16		having been first duly sworn to tell the truth,
17		the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, was
18		examined and testified as follows:
19		EXAMINATION
20		BY MR. WADOOD:
21	Q.	Good afternoon, Chief Craig. My name is Ramis
22		Wadood. I'm one of the lawyers representing the
23		Plaintiff, Mr. Williams, in this case. Now,
24		before we begin, I just want to say some
25		introductory words, lay out some ground rules



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1 just to make sure that we're on the same page and we can move through the material without 2 3 many disruptions. Does that sound good to you? 4 Α. Sounds good. So I am deposing you today in connection with 5 Ο. Mr. Williams' lawsuit against you, the City of 6 7 Detroit and Detective Donald Bussa for his 8 wrongful arrest. Are you aware of that lawsuit? I'm aware of the lawsuit. 9 Α. Okay. Great. And the reason we're deposing you 10 Q. 11 specifically today is because of your role as 12 the police chief at the Detroit Police Department 13 during the investigation that led to Mr. Williams' 14 arrest, so your deposition is going to focus on 15 your job as the police chief, your knowledge of 16 that investigation, your knowledge of police department policies, trainings and things of 17 that sort, and your involvement in adopting 18 19 facial recognition technology at the department. Do you understand all of that? 20 21 I do. Α. 22 Q. Okay. Great. So have you had your deposition 23 taken before? I have. 24 Α. 25 Q. I assume it's more than a few times as chief,



		03/00/2023 Fage
1		but do you recall roughly how many times?
2	Α.	I do not. It's been a lot.
3	Q.	Did any of those cases have to do with issues
4		involving facial recognition technology?
5	Α.	I'm not aware of any case involving facial
6		recognition. I think this is the sole case.
7	Q.	Okay. So you haven't been deposed in a case
8		involving the use of facial recognition
9		technology before?
10	Α.	Not that I can recall.
11	Q.	Okay. So I know you've been through this before.
12		I just want to reiterate some ground rules so we
13		understand each other especially because of this
14		kind of virtual setting, so let's try to agree
15		on the following: First things first, we won't
16		interrupt each other. If I ask a question,
17		please wait until I finish asking the question
18		and then you can answer. Similarly, I'll wait
19		until you finish answering before I ask the next
20		question. Does that sound good to you?
21	Α.	Sounds good.
22	Q.	Okay. And then you should also give verbal
23		answers only. The transcript isn't going to be
24		able to pick up you nodding your head or giving
25		a thumbs-up. So if the answer is a yes, say the



word yes. If it's a no, say the word no. Is
 that okay with you?

3 A. I understand.

Q. Okay. And if you don't understand any of my
questions, just let me know and I'll try my best
to clarify or rephrase the question. Is that okay?

7 A. That's okay.

Okay. And your lawyer, Mr. Cunningham, may also 8 0. 9 object to a question that I have. Unless he specifically instructs you not to answer the 10 11 question, you still have to answer the question 12 even if there's an objection. That objection is 13 just for us to fight about later as lawyers, but 14 in this moment in this deposition you should 15 still answer the question. Does that sound good 16 to you?

17 A. I understand.

Okay. Now I know we're in a virtual setting and 18 0. 19 things might get difficult technologically when presenting exhibits or with audio and video, so 20 if there's ever an issue with an exhibit, with 21 hearing me, with seeing me, just flag that and 2.2 23 we'll try to fix that as soon as possible. Is that good? 24

25 A. I understand.



Page 10

Okay. And then also speaking of this virtual 1 Q. setting, you may see me looking down or to the 2 That's because I have some notes and I 3 left. have two screens, so I apologize in advance. 4 That's not a sign of disrespect. That's just 5 this whole virtual world we're living in. 6 Is 7 that okay?

8 A. I understand.

9 Q. Okay. So I do have some definitions I want to
10 go through just to make sure that you know what
11 I'm talking about when I say some abbreviations.
12 So when I say DPD, I'm going to be referring to
13 the Detroit Police Department. Is that okay
14 with you?

15 A. I understand.

16 Q. And when I say MSP, I'm referring to the17 Michigan State Police. Is that okay?

18 A. I understand.

Q. When I say CIU, I'm referring to the Crime
Intelligence Unit within the Detroit Police
Department. Is that okay?

22 A. Okay.

Q. And when I say the Shinola investigation, I'm
referring to the investigation that's at the
heart of this case, the investigation into the



1	October 2018 theft of five watches from the
2	Shinola midtown store that ultimately led to the
3	arrest of Mr. Williams. Is that okay?

4 A. I understand.

Q. And then anything else, any other abbreviations
that come up, I will try to define those as we go.

7 A. I understand.

Okay. So finally breaks, you're free to take 8 Ο. breaks whenever you need to go to the bathroom 9 or stretch or anything like that. The only 10 thing I ask is that if there's a question on the 11 12 table and you want to take a break, please 13 answer the question first before taking a break, 14 so if I ask you a question and you want to take 15 a break, give me an answer first and then say 16 I'd like to take a break. Is that okay with you?

17 A. I understand.

I will just note that I understand we only have 18 0. 19 a few hours with you today, so I'm going to try my best to move through this material quickly, 20 so I only plan on taking one, maybe two breaks 21 just out of respect for your time, so I'm hoping 2.2 23 we can move through this material with minimal breaks and as quickly as possible so that we can 24 avoid having to call you back for additional 25



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Page	12

		05/06/2025 Fage 12
1		questioning on a different day. Is that okay?
2	Α.	I understand.
3	Q.	Okay. Great. Let's jump into it then. Can you
4		please identify yourself for the record, just
5		your name and your current employment position?
6	Α.	James Craig, retired Chief of Police, Detroit
7		Police Department, City of Detroit.
8	Q.	Okay. And what town and county do you currently
9		live in?
10	Α.	Detroit, Michigan, County of Wayne.
11	Q.	Okay. Did you do any preparation for this
12		deposition?
13	Α.	I did meet with Attorney Cunningham prior to, yes.
14	Q.	Okay. And how many times did you meet?
15	Α.	We discussed it yesterday for about 30 minutes
16		and then we had a very brief discussion on
17		another date, I don't recall, just that there
18		would be a deposition coming forth on this matter.
19	Q.	Okay. Did you review any documents in
20		preparation for this deposition?
21	Α.	I did.
22	Q.	And which documents were those?
23	Α.	To the best I can recall, it was a policy
24		document. It was an investigator's report and
25		that's what I can think of now.



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1 Okay. And did that policy have to do with Q. facial recognition technology? 2 3 It did. Α. 4 Okay. And that investigator's report, did that Q. have to do with the Shinola investigation? 5 It did. 6 Α.

Q. Other than looking at those documents and
speaking with Attorney Cunningham, did you do
any other preparation for this deposition?

10 A. I have not.

11 Q. Okay. Can you quickly walk me through your 12 educational background starting with high school? 13 Graduated from Cass Technical High School 1974, Α. 14 went to engineering school for a short time 15 following graduation at Lawrence Institute of 16 Technology. I didn't finish my studies there. 17 I ended up joining the Detroit Police Department, completed the police academy and continued to 18 19 pursue advanced education. I went to Detroit Mercy College up until the time I was laid off 20 in 1980. I started in 1977, laid off in 1980. 21 I then moved to Los Angeles, California where I 22 continued my education, got a scholarship to a 23 small university, West Coast university, obtained 24 25 my undergraduate in business. Later I started



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1		to work on a Master's Degree at University of
2		Phoenix. I completed that, a Master's in Public
3		Administration, and then following that, I
4		started course work on a Ph.D. program during my
5		time as Chief of Police in Cincinnati, Ohio, and
6		then upon receiving an appointment as Chief of
7		Police in Detroit, I ceased working in the
8		doctoral program.
9	Q.	And where was that doctoral program?
10	Α.	University of Phoenix.
11	Q.	University of Phoenix, got it. And so do you
12		recall which years you conducted your Master's
13		and part of your doctoral program?
14	Α.	I do not.
15	Q.	Okay. Was that in the nineties?
16	Α.	Some of my education was in the nineties, early
17		2000's. I just don't have specific dates.
18	Q.	Okay. That's fine. So then let's move on to
19		your employment history. You said that you
20		started off as a police officer with the Detroit
21		Police Department, is that right?
22	Α.	I did.
23	Q.	And that was from the years of 1977 to 1980 you
24		mentioned?
25	Α.	That's correct.



1 Q. And you were laid off from that role?

2 A. That's correct.

3	Q.	Okay. So let's start from 1980 after you were
4		laid off. Can you explain your employment
5		nistory from then until now?

6 Α. I moved to Los Angeles and joined the Los Angeles 7 Police Department in January 1981. I stayed for 28 years until I retired, leaving the Los Angeles 8 9 Police Department in 2009 and joined the Portland, Maine Police Department as the Chief 10 of Police from 2009 to 2011. In 2011 I left the 11 12 Portland Police Department, joining the Cincinnati 13 Police Department, appointed as Chief of Police, 14 stayed two years, left in 2013 and joined and 15 was appointed as chief of the Detroit Police 16 Department in July of 2013 and then stayed for eight years, retiring in June of 2021 I believe 17 18 it was.

Q. Okay. So just to recap that last piece, you
were the Chief of the Detroit Police Department
from 2013 until June of 2021, is that right?

22 A. That's correct.

Q. Okay. And what did you do after you retired inJune of 2021 from that position?

25 A. Launched a campaign running for governor for the



- 1 State of Michigan.
- 2 Q. Okay. And how long did that campaign last?
- 3 A. Give or take a year, if that.
- 4 Q. Okay. So in roughly June of 2022, sometime5 around then, your campaign ended?
- 6 A. It did.
- 7 Q. Okay. And what have you been doing since that8 time?
- 9 A. Sometimes I public speak. I sit on a board for
 10 a company and I'm pursuing other options. I'm
 11 retired right now.
- Q. Okay. So you're currently retired, pursuing
 other options, and you do the occasional public
 speaking, is that right?
- 15 A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. So let's hone in on your time as theChief of Police, but before we do that, can we
- 18 take a quick break and go off the record?
- 19 (Recess 1:13 p.m. to 1:15 p.m.)20 Q. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. So from the
- 21 years 2013 until 2021 you were the Chief of
- 22 Police at the Detroit Police Department, right?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- Q. Can you describe to me the duties andresponsibilities you had as the Detroit Police



1 Chief?

2	Α.	I had many duties. I was overall, just overall
3		daily management of the operations of the
4		Detroit Police Department which involved patrol
5		activities, investigative, internal affairs,
6		administrative functions, so a wide array of
7		overall management responsibility, and that was
8		performed through an executive team that was
9		assembled, a management and executive team, so I
10		worked through my executive and command members.
11	Q.	Okay. And what responsibility did you have over
12		departmental trainings?
13	Α.	I had overall management of the police department,
14		which included recruit and in-service training.
15	Q.	Did you ever develop or administer any trainings
16		directly?
		-
17	А.	Not directly. I would at times approve training
17 18	А.	
	-	Not directly. I would at times approve training
18	-	Not directly. I would at times approve training or direct that certain training be conducted.
18 19	-	Not directly. I would at times approve training or direct that certain training be conducted. Okay. So you were generally aware of what types
18 19 20	Q.	Not directly. I would at times approve training or direct that certain training be conducted. Okay. So you were generally aware of what types of trainings were being offered at the department?
18 19 20 21	Q. A.	Not directly. I would at times approve training or direct that certain training be conducted. Okay. So you were generally aware of what types of trainings were being offered at the department? Generally.
 18 19 20 21 22 	Q. A.	Not directly. I would at times approve training or direct that certain training be conducted. Okay. So you were generally aware of what types of trainings were being offered at the department? Generally. Okay. So how about for departmental policies,



1		were already in existence prior to my appointment,
2		but as new policies were developed by my staff,
3		I would approve it and then it would be I
4		would review it and then it would be forwarded
5		to the police commission who had the authority
6		to approve all policies.
7	Q.	And by police commission, you're referring to
8		the Board of Police Commissioners?
9	A.	That's correct.
10	Q.	Okay. And so did you have any role in drafting
11		policies or were you just approving them?
12	A.	I would be I would review the policy and if
13		there were issues inside the policy that I
14		needed to expand on, then I would send it back
15		to the staffer to add or delete certain issues.
16	Q.	Okay. And you also mentioned you had daily
17		management over the department's investigative
18		work, is that right?
19	A.	I would say overall management through an
20		executive and management level team. I mean I
21		didn't sit in all eight police stations and
22		supervise. I said overall management and that
23		was completed through a team that was assembled
24		to do the day-to-day direct supervision,
25		managerial oversight.



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1 I see. So at any time as chief did you ever play Ο. any direct role in a criminal investigation, 2 whether it's supervisory or investigative in 3 4 nature? I don't recall ever playing a direct role. As 5 Α. having served as the Chief of Police, there were 6 times where I would be briefed on certain cases. 7 I would be briefed on the status of a case, 8 9 particularly if there were high profile type 10 cases, but in terms of going out and doing 11 actual investigative work, I did not. 12 Q. Okay. And so you weren't apprised of every 13 investigation at the department, were you? 14 I was not. Α. 15 Okay. And you would trust your executive team 0. 16 or the command staff to apprise you of important 17 cases? 18 Again, I had general overview. I could not know Α. 19 each and every investigation being conducted in the police department. This is why every station 20 has two command-level officers who provide more 21 22 direct supervision and managerial oversight, and 23 on certain cases, I would be briefed on it either because I wanted to know about a particular case 24 25 or because it was a high profile case and so



1 that would be my involvement. I would give additional direction, if necessary. 2 3 Okay. How about responsibilities with regard to Q. 4 discipline against department personnel, what role did you play in that as chief? 5 6 Ultimately I was responsible for overall Α. discipline, however, those investigations were 7 conducted at levels below me. If it was a 8 9 termination matter, generally I would get involved in those, but not all, because the 10 executive team was also charged to conduct what 11 12 we call hearings, disciplinary hearings and they 13 would render a finding and if there was an appeal, it would come to my level. 14 I couldn't 15 increase a penalty. I could decrease or if the 16 individual officer accused of misconduct was not satisfied with the outcome, they could appeal to 17 an arbitrator who could overrule a member of my 18 command or executive team or myself. 19 Okay. Let me focus on internal affairs 20 Q. 21 investigations. What role did you play in your typical internal affairs investigation? 2.2 23 Again, certain cases I would be briefed on. Α. It's no different than any other investigative 24 25 work that was conducted in the police department.



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1 I would have regular meetings and they would brief me on certain cases at the time they 2 3 initiated an investigation or ongoing through that process, but that is not every investigation. 4 It's unrealistic that I would sit in the 5 internal affairs investigative area and manage 6 7 directly those cases. That was not my role. Okay. Did you ever call for an internal affairs 8 Ο. investigation? 9 10 Α. I have. Okay. Were you as chief able to take disciplinary 11 Q. 12 actions against department personnel outside of 13 the internal affairs process? 14 Well, discipline was associated with an Α. 15 investigation, so I would have to initiate, if 16 it wasn't already initiated, an investigation. I would not just necessarily discipline someone 17 without appropriate investigation, however, some 18 19 of the levels in the organization above the rank, at the rank of captain and above, those 20 individuals are appointed by the Chief of Police 21 and so I can appoint or deappoint depending for 22 23 no cause. It's strictly up to the chief. 24 Ο. Okay. And during your time as chief, did you 25 ever deappoint someone for no cause?



1 I've deappointed a lot. When I say no cause, I Α. 2 might have misstated. There is no requirement 3 that you have cause to deappoint. In other 4 words, I could deappoint someone and it didn't 5 have to originate with a disciplinary matter. 6 It could be just a performance issue and if I felt based on the reviews I was receiving from 7 my executive team, things that I became aware 8 9 of, I could unilaterally deappoint someone based on a number of factors. 10

11 Q. I see. So there was -- you didn't necessarily 12 have to have an internal affairs investigation 13 or any investigation before deappointing someone? 14 Yes, it's an at will/no cause, maybe that's more Α. 15 appropriate, at will/no cause position and so 16 sometimes they are deappointments. It could be 17 performance, which doesn't necessarily amount to discipline, a discipline case, does not have to. 18 Okay. And then as chief, what was your role 19 Ο. vis-a-vis other external bodies, such as the 20 City Council or the Board of Police Commissioners? 21 On occasion I would at the request of the City 22 Α. 23 Council, I may make presentations on different issues or I might delegate that depending on 24 25 what the issue might have been. Likewise, if



1 the police commission had a standing position with the board every Thursday, but I would 2 attend select meetings, not all meetings, and 3 sometimes those meetings would require a 4 5 presentation. It might be a disciplinary matter that the police commission would be involved in. 6 7 For example, if an employee was alleged to have engaged in some misconduct and it was serious 8 9 misconduct, I could suspend the individual with 10 pay under the authority, but if I chose to 11 initiate a suspension without pay, then it would 12 have to go before the Board of Police Commissioners 13 and they would decide that it was warranted or 14 not warranted to suspend an individual without 15 That was the only role they really played pay. 16 in that level of discipline, but the final adjudication was left to myself or individuals 17 18 that I had designated to hear and render a finding 19 of discipline and what the appropriate penalty 20 would be, if there was a penalty. It could have 21 been a matter that was determined to be not sustained or unfounded. 22 Those matters did not 23 necessarily come to me as a matter of practice. 24 0. Okav. So let's move forward. I want to talk 25 about your involvement in the Shinola investigation



and also generally in facial recognition technology 1 2 use at the department. But before I get into that, I want to first confirm that we're thinking 3 4 and talking about the same investigation, so 5 just to double-check, you are familiar with the DPD's investigation into the October 2018 theft 6 7 of watches at the Shinola midtown store that resulted in the wrongful arrest of our client, 8 9 Robert Williams, right?

10 A. I confirmed earlier in this testimony that I was11 aware of the Shinola case.

12 Q. Okay. Great. You just saved me a couple pages, 13 so we can move forward getting on the same page 14 in that investigation. So now that we're on the 15 same page about that, I want to rewind all the 16 way back to your earliest involvement in the 17 DPD's use of facial recognition technology. You are aware that the DPD uses facial recognition 18 19 technology and did so for at least a portion of 20 your time as chief, right?

21 A. I did.

Q. Okay. Can you explain to me in your own wordswhat facial recognition technician is?

A. It's technology that uses an image, a photograph,
and it goes through the technology. The technology,



1 once a photograph or an image is placed in the technology, it would then populate a series of 2 3 possibles, if you will, possible individuals. 4 Once the technology populates a number of 5 possibles, it could be any number. It could be 6 pages of possibles, maybe 20 or more, and the 7 technology by itself will rank the images in 8 what the computer says this is the most likely 9 individual based on the computer's response, however, it takes an analyst to go through all 10 of the possibles, and because of the analyst's 11 12 training, they would then make a match. Now, 13 once a match is made by an analyst, there is a 14 second analyst that will come behind that to 15 confirm whether or not this was, in fact, the 16 best match, and then the last step in the match, 17 a supervisor from the unit would then either 18 agree or not agree with the match. Now that, 19 I'm speaking specifically about how we as a 20 department use facial recognition technology 21 following the adoption -- well, two things, 22 following the acquisition of the technology, and 23 then the development of policy. Prior to our 24 acquisition of the technology, we would on 25 occasion go to the Michigan State Police, who



1 had been using facial recognition technology for I have no idea how long, but I know some time. 2 3 the department on occasion would take cases to 4 the State Police. The frequency I'm unsure of. 5 Okay. Let me ask a few questions about that. Q. 6 So you said that at least after the department 7 developed policy, which we'll get more in-depth 8 into later, you needed an analyst or at least 9 one, two analysts to confirm the possible match that the technology created, right? 10 That was in subsequent policy that we developed 11 Α. 12 and I already testified to the fact when we 13 acquired the technology. 14 Q. Right. 15 That was not the case prior to. We didn't have Α. 16 the technology. We would request facial 17 recognition to the Michigan State Police. 18 Okay. And why did you feel that an analyst was Ο. 19 necessary when you were developing internal 20 policy? 21 My assumption, and it's an assumption only, that Α. 22 that was the best practice. I don't know of any 23 police agency that uses it without the review of 24 an analyst. Some may use one analyst, some may 25 not have to, you know, have confirmation from a



1 second analyst or even supervisory review. I 2 don't know. I just know what we developed as an 3 agency in response to acquiring our own technology. 4 Okay. So let me just get the timeline straight. Q. 5 Do you know when the Detroit Police Department 6 first started using facial recognition technology 7 in-house? 8 Α. I do not. 9 Q. Do you recall roughly when from the time of --10 Α. I don't want to take a quess. There was policy developed and I just don't -- I'm just not going 11 12 to guess, but it was during my tenure that we 13 acquired the technology and subsequent to that, 14 we put policy in place. 15 (Marked Exhibit A.) 16 Q. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. I'm going to 17 introduce Exhibit A, and for every exhibit onwards, what I'm going to do is I'm going to 18 19 put the PDF of the document in the chat, so 20 whoever wants to open it can open it 21 independently and I will also share my screen so 22 you can see the exhibit directly. Do you see a 23 document on your screen, Chief Craig? 24 Α. I do. 25 Okay. Do you recognize this document? Q.



1 A. Off-hand I do not.

Q. Okay. Based on the cover page of the document,
this looks like a professional services contract
between the City of Detroit and a company called
DataWorks Plus, is that right?

- 6 A. That's correct.
- Q. Do you recall what services DataWorks providedto the Detroit Police Department?

9 A. As best that I can recall, DataWorks Plus was the

10 firm that sold us the facial recognition technology.

Q. Okay. I'm going to go down to Exhibit A to this contract. Under Project Description where I'm highlighting on the screen, it says that, "The project description is to purchase facial recognition licensing, software and equipment for the Detroit Police Department green light locations." Does that line up with your

18 understanding of DataWorks' services?

Yes. I don't know why it would include, I don't 19 Α. have any recall about the green light locations, 20 but I'm aware of the purchase of the software. 21 Okay. And further down under Project Objective 22 0. 23 it says, "DataWorks will work closely with the City of Detroit, Detroit Police and Motorola, 24 25 Inc. to provide their FACE Watch Plus real-time



1 video surveillance facial recognition and FACE 2 Plus facial recognition solution." Does that line up with your understanding of DataWorks' 3 services provided to the police department? 4 5 Not off-hand. I look at the one sentence that Α. 6 video surveillance, the Detroit Police Department 7 did not use facial recognition for surveillance. 8 I'm not certain why that's in there, but that's 9 not how we use the technology. And by that you mean the police department did 10 Q. not use facial recognition on real-time video? 11 12 Α. We did use it on real-time video. For example, 13 if a suspect was armed with a gun and robbed a 14 gas station that had green light technology, we 15 could take an image of the suspect from that 16 video, but that's not video surveillance. Video 17 surveillance suggests to me that as using the 18 same location, a gas station, we would surveil, 19 but we're not using facial recognition at the same time we're looking at green light locations 20 to determine whether or not a crime was being 21 If a crime was committed, certainly 22 committed. 23 -- and there is an image of the suspect from the 24 video, we could take that image as part of a

25 follow-up investigation and then apply the



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1		technology to it as part of a follow-up
2		investigation with the purpose of developing a
3		lead only.
4	Q.	Okay. So you've never the department has
5		never used facial recognition technology during
6		or on live surveillance footage continuously?
7	Α.	I am unaware and, again, as I've already
8		testified to, we did not use the technology for
9		surveillance. We only used the technology for
10		the purposes of a follow-up investigation,
11		meaning a crime that had occurred at some point
12		required an image from a video not in real-time
13		and we would use that image and place it in, if
14		the quality of the image was such that it could
15		be placed in facial recognition.
16	Q.	Okay. So do you know if the Detroit Police
17		Department didn't use facial recognition
18		technology in that way, do you know why the city
19		purchased that capability from DataWorks?
20	Α.	I can't speak as to why, but we did not, I'll
21		state it for now the third time, we did not use
22		the technology for purposes of surveillance.
23		That was a concern that was raised by community
24		activists. We certainly were responsive. We

25 had no desire to use it as a surveillance tool.



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1 Again, I'll state for now the fourth time that only if a felony crime was committed and we had 2 3 an image and it was a clear image, we then would 4 insert the image from that video in an effort to 5 try to identify a suspect, and once that 6 identification was made, it was a lead only. We 7 then just for sake of clarity, we could not then 8 just go out and make an arrest. There would 9 have to be other factors in the investigation to 10 make the arrest.

Q. Okay. We'll get into all that in more detail in
just a little bit. Let me just quickly on
Exhibit A go up one page to the signature page.
It looks like this contract was signed July, or
it was approved by the City Council July 25th,
2017 and approved by the chief procurement
officer December 4th, 2017. Does that look right?

18 A. That's correct.

19 Q. So based on your review of this document and 20 whatever recollection you have, does this sound 21 right, that the Detroit Police Department 22 started to use facial recognition technology 23 around the end of 2017?

24 A. That's possible, but, again, I don't recall.25 Q. Okay.



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1 I do recall that we, following the City Council Α. approval, I believe we had to also present 2 before the police commission. I'm just not 3 certain when and time frame. 4 So let me move on from when and talk 5 Q. Okay. 6 about why. Do you know why the Detroit Police 7 Department decided to start using facial recognition technology? 8 9 Α. As I've already testified to, prior to acquiring 10 our own technology, we would seek out assistance from the Michigan State Police, who had been 11 12 using the technology for some time. We felt 13 given our case-load and certainly the benefits 14 of using the technology, that we would acquire 15 our own, and then certainly acquiring our own 16 technology, we could control how it was used. 17 Q. Okay. So is it fair to say that you had good experiences with asking MSP for help on facial 18 19 recognition so that you procured your own technology to use it in the ways you wished? 20 21 Our experiences as far as I knew was good. I Α. 22 was aware of other police departments that were 23 using it very effectively and we made a decision to acquire our own software. 24 25 Okay. And as far as your use of the State Police's Q.



1 facial recognition technology, I know you say you don't recall how often or exactly when the 2 3 department started using that, but were they 4 already sending requests to the State Police for 5 facial recognition when you became chief in 2013? I don't recall when. It might have been before 6 Α. 7 my appointment. I just don't recall. 8 Q. Okay. And what was your role, when it comes to 9 2017 or whenever exactly it was, what was your role in deciding to use or procure facial 10 recognition technology in-house? 11 12 Α. I don't know if I understand your question. My 13 role, as I've already testified to on numerous 14 occasions, that certainly I would be made aware, 15 I mean a lower ranking member of the department 16 wouldn't unilaterally acquire technology like 17 facial recognition and I not know about it, so I may approve at my level, recognizing that the 18 19 final approval came through the city council and so, yeah, I was aware of it and I approved that 20 this is something we should try to procure and 21 that's about it. As you can see in looking at 22 23 this document, it was signed off by my assistant 24 chief, who is now the Chief James White, so was 25 I briefed? Yes, but it wasn't necessary for me



1 to sign off on it. We had already had a

- 2 discussion about it.
- Q. Okay. And as far as the decision that, okay, we have been using Michigan State Police, let's get our own, was that decision made by someone other than you and you were just advised of it or was that decision first made by you?
- 8 A. I've already testified to the fact that I made 9 the final decision. It was a conversation we 10 had. I don't recall how many times, but we had 11 talked about acquiring our own technology.
- Q. Okay. So do you know why the city ended up
 going with DataWorks as its facial recognition
 vendor instead of another company?
- 15 A. I do not know.

16 Q. Do you know what the selection process looked like?

- 17 A. I wasn't involved in the selection process.
- Q. Okay. And while this decision to procure facial
 recognition technology was being made internally,
 did you or other department leadership ever
 discuss or become advised of issues regarding
- 22 the accuracy or reliability of facial
- 23 recognition technology?

A. I'm not certain what we discussed, but we allknew, as I did, that to rely solely on the



technology to tell us or tell, you know, an 1 2 investigator or an analyst that -- well, let me 3 digress for a moment so I don't have to go back 4 through this a second and third time. As I've 5 already stated, the technology would populate a 6 number of images, photographs, and the idea of 7 the technology is that the number one image 8 that's up, the technology suggests that that's 9 the most likely choice, but understanding the 10 technology, more times than not, it is not the 11 most likely choice, so it is the analyst who 12 does the significant review to go through the 13 various photographs until they reach an image 14 that closely matches the person in a video or a 15 still photograph, so it's not -- the technology 16 is a tool that allows the investigator and analyst to make a best selection, not the 17 18 technology alone. It cannot work alone, it just 19 can't. It's not designed that way. This is why 20 the analysts go through some hours of training. 21 I think I know the Detroit Police Department 22 analysts go through FBI training because 23 likewise the FBI uses facial recognition and has been for some time, so it's required that the 24 25 analyst goes through the training.



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Q. Okay. That all makes sense, and so what I'm
 hearing you saying is that the reason that you
 ensure that analysts double-check the technology
 is because the technology on its own isn't
 fool-proof. It can't identify the right
 suspect, is that right?

7 Α. It cannot, more times than not, as I've made public statements, if you just rely on the 8 9 technology alone, no human review, it will more than likely the first photograph, which is the 10 one the computer says this is the most likely, 11 it is not the right person, so the analyst who 12 13 is trained to identify go well beyond what the 14 computer can provide and even going through that 15 process, there are times where the analyst 16 cannot make a match, even though the computer 17 says here are 30 photographs in rank order and based on the training of the concerned analyst, 18 19 then, you know, no match would be made.

Q. And so did you have that opinion about the limits
of the technology itself when the department was
first considering procuring its own technology?
A. I understood the technology by itself could not
identify a suspect by itself. It will populate,
as I've testified to, a number of photographs of



1 possibles, and so it still was a great tool and we have used that technology since we acquired 2 our own and I'm aware of certain cases where 3 4 based on the technology use, based on the review 5 of the analyst and then supported by another 6 analyst and a supervisor, that we identify the right suspect in a violent crime situation. 7 Several times that has happened on high profile 8 9 type cases, but, again, only whenever a match was made by the analyst, it was still not enough 10 to go out and make an arrest. That in itself 11 12 would not do it. It would have to be a full 13 investigation and there would be other issues 14 coming out of the investigation that would 15 corroborate that this suspect was, in fact, a 16 suspect at the scene.

Q. Okay. So were you aware at the time the department was considering procuring the technology, that facial recognition technology has a higher false match rate when it's used on photos of darker skin people than it does on photos of lighter skin people?

A. I have heard that and, again, I've already
testified that the technology by itself, so
photograph number one, the computer said this is



1 the likely match. More times than not it is not the likely match. It takes an analyst. 2 The analyst has to do their due diligence based on 3 their training to determine what is the best 4 5 selection and it's generally not the number one I don't know, in fact, off the top, I 6 photo. 7 don't know maybe in a couple of rare instances 8 where photo number one was the right photo that the technology picked. 9

I understand that. I understand that as it was 10 Q. described earlier in prior testimony that with 11 12 an analyst involved, the technology is a tool in 13 an investigation and it could support an 14 investigation. I'm talking about the technology itself. Aside from an analyst reviewing the 15 16 technology's results, were you aware at the time 17 of procuring the technology that facial recognition technology itself tends to have a 18 higher false match rate for people with darker 19 skin than it does for people with lighter skin? 20 I don't know when I heard it. Yes, I have heard 21 Α. it, but, again, if that is a fact, what was 22 23 compelling is the work that goes on when the technology populates a number of photographs, so 24 25 in the times that we would make a match consistent



1 with our policy, more times than not when we did 2 so, when we did so, generally it was the right match and if we couldn't make the match, again, 3 as I testified to earlier, there are layers of 4 5 review because there's a human factor involved and even though an analyst may have the best of 6 7 intentions, having layers of review certainly 8 gives more assurance that the match is the right 9 match and I'm speaking of the Detroit Police. I 10 can't speak to how other agencies would deploy 11 the technology. I can't testify to if they had 12 layers of review or there was a supervisor. Ι 13 don't know the answer to that.

14 Okay. And just to make sure, when you say, and Q. 15 you said this a few times, when you say, "As 16 I've said in prior testimony or as I testified 17 to earlier," do you mean within this deposition 18 or in other depositions or public testimony? As I've already testified at the beginning of 19 Α. this deposition, I don't have any recall as to 20 21 ever having to provide testimony relative to 22 this technology in a lawsuit. I am specifically 23 referencing, when I say, "As I've testified before," questions that you've asked me that 24 25 I've asked and answered.

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1 Okay. I just wanted to make that clear for the Q. 2 record. Okay. So let's move on from why the department chose to procure this DataWorks 3 technology and let's talk about implementation. 4 5 So once this contract with DataWorks was approved, 6 what role did you play as chief in implementing 7 or rolling out the technology within the DPD? I can't specifically say the timeline, but we 8 Α. 9 developed policy and that policy continued to evolve over time because it was controversial 10 and there was some people in the community that 11 12 rejected its use. It was important to develop a 13 rigorous policy. We did that. We didn't do it 14 unilaterally. Again, policy is finally reviewed 15 by the police commission. The final policy, as 16 I recall, was reviewed and unanimously, as I 17 recall, voted on -- strike that. I'm not certain, but the majority of the board members voted to 18 19 approve the policy that was developed by the 20 agency, us, the department. 21 Okay. But let's -- the policies that you're Q.

22 talking about, they weren't approved and 23 implemented right as soon as the contract was 24 approved, right?

25 A. I don't recall when and how long after. Again,



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prior to acquiring our own technology, we did
 use the technology, but used it through the
 Michigan State Police.

4 Q. Okay.

5 A. We don't over -- I have no jurisdiction over the
6 Michigan State Police.

Right. So after you procured your own technology, 7 Q. 8 do you recall notifying DPD personnel that they now have this new tool on their tool belt in-house? 9 10 Α. I am certain we put out a special order talking 11 about the use of the technology, talking about 12 the levels of review. I just don't recall when 13 that took place or how it was disseminated, but 14 practically whenever we adopt a new practice to 15 notify, we put out a memo special order to alert 16 every member of the department about the use of facial recognition. 17

Q. Okay. And do you recall you or other department
leadership encouraging DPD personnel to use
facial recognition technology once you had
bought it for use in-house?

A. I don't know if I would use the word encouraging.
It was another tool in the toolbox in conducting
follow-up investigations to violent crimes,
because that was part of our policy when we did



1 acquire, we decided that we would only use the 2 technology as a follow-up to violent crimes. 3 Okay. And did you provide any warnings, and Q. setting aside the policies that we're just about 4 to talk about after this, once the technology 5 6 was procured and rolled out, did you provide any 7 warnings to DPD personnel that the technology by itself isn't reliable? 8 9 Α. I don't recall ever putting that out, but, again, as I've stressed and testified to, that we 10 didn't use the technology by itself. It was a 11 process and the most important part of it was 12 13 the human factor behind the technology and an 14 officer in the field was not going to be part of 15 that process. An investigator doing a follow-up 16 investigation based on a review hopefully by a 17 supervisor or their manager would say yes, we think that we could pursue using -- the final 18 19 approval of using the technology came from the unit itself because they may get a request and 20 they may determine that this doesn't meet the 21 conditions for using facial recognition. 22 So all of this double-checking and the human 23 Ο. aspect of it, was that communicated to DPD 24 25 personnel once the technology was rolled out



1	that we	now have	this	tool,	but	this	is	still	а
2	human pr	cocess?							

- 3 I don't have an answer for you on that because I Α. don't recall. We talked about the use of the 4 5 technology, but, again, as I've already testified 6 to, an officer working in the field was not going to use the technology unilaterally and 7 rely on the technology to provide a match. 8 We had a special unit and only that unit would make 9 the decision first whether or not the technology 10 would be used. 11
- 12 Q. And that special unit, are you referring to the13 CIU, the Crime Intelligence Unit?
- 14 A. That's correct.
- 15 Q. Was that unit in place before facial recognition16 began being used at the police department?
- 17 A. I would say yes.

18 Q. Okay. So once the Detroit Police Department

19 procured facial recognition technology, they added

- 20 that to CIU's portfolio of existing possibilities?
- 21 A. As best that I can recall.
- Q. Okay. I want to talk about some of those policies
 that you mentioned, but before I move to there,
 I just want to wrap this part up. So you say
 that the Detroit Police Department through



1 DataWorks had its own in-house process for 2 running facial recognition searches, right? As I've testified, we developed policy, our 3 Α. 4 policy, the policy of the Detroit Police 5 Department on how we would deploy and use the 6 technology. That was not DataWorks. That was 7 the Detroit Police Department.

8 Q. Right.

9 A. Our policy, I'm certain, is very different than
10 other agencies that use the policy and I've
11 already testified to that.

12 Q. Right, no, and we're going to talk about 13 policies in just a sec. I just want to just 14 make sure that I understand the full landscape 15 of facial recognition technology at this point 16 in time. And these can just be yes or no 17 answers unless the answer is not yes or no, it's not as simple as that. Did Detroit Police 18 19 Department have its own facial recognition capabilities provided by DataWorks? 20 As I've testified, that was the firm that we 21 Α. ultimately through a selection process that was 22 23 conducted by the procurement office of the City

of Detroit and once we acquired it, we developed policy because it was technology that we were



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1		using in-house.
2	Q.	Okay. And in addition to the in-house technology,
3		you also have the capability of requesting
4		facial recognition searches from the Michigan
5		State Police, right?
6	A.	We could have, except I don't recall after we
7		launched our own, I don't remember the timeline.
8		I'm not saying we didn't, in addition to having
9		our own, that we didn't on occasion go outside
10		to the Michigan State Police, but the idea was
11		that we didn't have to go outside because we had
12		our own technology. We had the trained
13		analysts, but maybe during the early stages of
14		deploying the technology I'm not even going
15		to testify to that because I don't know. I just
16		do know that the whole idea that we would have
17		our own technology and, therefore, we wouldn't
18		need to go to the Michigan State Police, but
19		there could have been an overlap period. It's
20		likely, I just don't recall.
21	Q.	Okay. So other than your in-house technology

and searches through the Michigan State Police, were you aware of any other avenues for the department to run facial recognition searches, whether it was a different agency, a different



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1		company, a different vendor, different software,
2		are you aware of anything else other than those
3		two outlets?
4	Α.	No, I'm not aware.
5	Q.	Okay. Let's move on to these policies that keep
6		coming up in conversation. So I'm going to
7		introduce Exhibit B.
8		(Marked Exhibit B.)
9	Q.	(Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Do you see this
10		document on your screen?
11	Α.	Yes.
12	Q.	Okay. Do you recognize this document?
13	Α.	Not off-hand.
14	Q.	Okay. So based on just this cover page, this
15		looks like a Detroit Police Department training
16		directive on the use of traffic light mounted
17		cameras and facial recognition technology. Does
18		that look right?
19	Α.	Yes.
20	Q.	And it looks like on the top right it's dated
21		April 9th, 2019, is that right?
22	Α.	If that's what it says, yes.
23	Q.	Okay. So you don't recall this training
24		directive at all?
25	Α.	We, the department puts out many training



1		directives, special orders and I might have
2		misstated earlier, maybe even with the use of
3		facial recognition technology came out as a
4		training directive.
5	Q.	And not a special order?
6	Α.	I call it a special order. I might have mixed
7		up police departments. I've been with enough of
8		them, so yeah.
9	Q.	So since you don't recall this training
10		directive, you don't recall having a role in
11		developing it or approving it?
12	Α.	I am certain based on the date that I was aware
13		of it at the time and reviewed it and so I just
14		don't have specific recall.
15	Q.	Okay. Let's scroll down to the last page that
16		starts with use of facial recognition technology.
17		You'll see here there's a short policy on the
18		use of facial recognition technology. It says
19		that, "Facial recognition may only be used in
20		support of an active or ongoing criminal or
21		homeland security investigation." Did I read
22		that correctly?
23	А.	That is correct.

Q. So this section here doesn't limit facialrecognition to any particular types of crimes,



any particular types of felonies, does it? 1 Α. I don't see it delineated here, but if this was 2 3 an early training document, I think because of the course of discussion with the Board of 4 5 Police Commissioners, we may have enhanced the policy to just include violent crimes, so that 6 7 could have been an earlier directive, but I also know there's a directive out there that isolated 8 9 the use of the technology to violent crimes because 10 of some of the concerns raised by the community and by the Board of Police Commissioners as I recall. 11 12 Q. Right. And we will get to that subsequent 13 policy shortly. Just as of now, as of April 14 2019 the document we're looking at, it doesn't 15 look like this limited facial recognition to any 16 particular violent crimes, did it? 17 Α. Again, I told you at the beginning when you showed 18 me, I didn't have any independent recollection of this document, so I didn't know what specifically 19 was in it and so now that you say that was there 20 and it didn't limit the use of any active criminal 21 22 investigation, but I do know a subsequent 23 policy, that would not have sufficed. 24 0. Okay. Right, but at this point in time, putting 25 the subsequent policy aside, which we will look



1 at in just a few minutes, at this point in time, April 2019, there was no such limit on the types 2 3 of crimes you can use facial recognition on, right? 4 Reviewing this document that I have no recall, Α. 5 if that's what it says, I don't have any independent recollection of it. 6 Okay. So like I said, this document is dated 7 0. and like the document now shows, this document 8 9 is dated April 9th, 2019. Do you recall any earlier written policies at the department 10 regarding facial recognition technology? 11 12 MR. CUNNINGHAM: Earlier than what? (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Earlier than 13 Ο. 14 April 9th, 2019? 15 I have no independent recollection. I know that Α. 16 we had a use of technology policy. It was more 17 of a blanket policy that would -- and I can't specifically state what was in that, and that 18 19 may have even pre-dated me. Again, we're talking about a directive that came out, what, 20 21 four years ago and I've been involved in a number of policies over my time, so I just don't 22 have specific recall for it. I don't sit around 23 here now as a retired police chief thinking 24 25 about policies I may have reviewed or adopted.



1	Q.	That's absolutely fair. In this deposition
2		we're talking about what you know and what you
3		recall and what you understand based on a review
4		of documents, so just to make sure I have you
5		clear, you don't recall any written policy
6		before the one we're looking at on the screen
7		right now?
8	Α.	Not off-hand, but I did just cite a blanket
9		technology policy. I think we started delineating
10		the facial recognition because of a lot of the
11		concern over the use of it.
12	Q.	Okay. And that general use of technology policy
13		didn't specifically discuss facial recognition
14		technology, did it?
15	A.	Not that I'm aware of.
16		(Marked Exhibit C.)
17	Q.	(Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. I'm going to
18		move on to Exhibit 3 or Exhibit C. Do you
19		see this new document on the screen?
20	Α.	Yes.
21	Q.	Okay. Do you recognize this document?
22	Α.	Not off-hand.
23	Q.	Okay. Based on the cover page, it looks like
24		it's a crime intelligence unit standard
25		operating procedures. Is that right?



- 1 A. That's correct.
- 2 Q. And it looks like it was revised on April 1st,
- 3 2019, is that right?
- 4 A. According to the document, yes.
- Q. Are you aware that the Detroit Police Department's
 Crime Intelligence Unit operated under standard
 operating procedures?
- 8 A. Many of our units had SOPs or standard operating
- 9 procedures. I have no specific recall of the
- 10 content of the SOP for crime intelligence.
- 11 Q. Right. Content aside, were you aware that the12 CIU follows its own set of SOPs?
- 13 A. I wouldn't say -- well, as I've already testified 14 to, many units already have their own SOPs and 15 again at some point I may have reviewed that 16 document once it became effective and then once 17 it was revised, I'm sure I reviewed it. I don't 18 recall.
- 19 Q. Sure. So you don't have any specific recollection20 that the CIU had its own set of SOPs?
- 21 A. I'm suggesting to you a lot of units have SOPs,
- 22 not every unit. I just don't have any
- 23 independent recollection of this SOP.
- Q. Okay. So I'm going to jump down to Section 8 ofthis SOP. So it looks like this Section 8 has



1 to do with facial recognition, right?

- 2 A. It looks that way.
- Q. And you don't have any recollection of this
 specific section as it was revised in 2019?
 A. I have no recollection. That would make it
 again four years ago.
- Q. Right. Okay. And like you said for Exhibit B,
 you have no recollection of any earlier written
 policies before April 2019 on facial recognition
 other than the general use of technology policy?
- 11 A. I don't recall.
- Q. Okay. So then up until April of 2019, is it your understanding that DPD personnel were able to use facial recognition technology in-house without needing to follow any specific written policy other than the general use of technology policy?
- I don't recall the department deploying the 18 Α. 19 technology without some type of policy. There were discussions, there were revisions, and, again, 20 a lot of it had to do with, and I've testified 21 to this several times in this deposition, that 22 there was a review by the police commission and 23 based on that review and suggested changes, I'm 24 sure we made some modifications. 25 I'm not



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1		certain what. I don't recall.
2	Q.	Okay. But do you recall why it took, what was
3		it, 1.5, two years between the passing, the
4		approval of the contract and the passage of
5		these policies? Do you know why it took a
6		couple years to develop those policies?
7	Α.	I do not know.
8	Q.	Okay. Does the review process for department
9		policies, review of the department policies
10		usually take that long?
11	Α.	I'm not certain. I don't recall. I just don't
12		recall about this. This policy was unique
13		because of what I've already testified to.
14		There was certainly some controversy associated
15		with it and so it didn't happen in a short time.
16		Two years, I'm not familiar with that length of
17		time, so I don't recall.
18	Q.	Okay. But putting aside this specific facial
19		recognition technology, generally speaking, do
20		new department policies usually take one and a
21		half to two years to go through the approval
22		process?
23	Α.	It depends on the policy. Again, I don't recall
24		that it took two years. It may well have taken

25 two years. I don't have that independent



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1		recollection of length of time of that policy or
2		any policy.
3		(Marked Exhibit D.)
4	Q.	(Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. Let's move
5		onto Exhibit D then. Can you see this new
6		document on your screen?
7	Α.	I do.
8	Q.	Do you recognize this document?
9	Α.	It looks familiar, yes.
10	Q.	Okay. Was this the document you reviewed in
11		preparation for this deposition?
12	Α.	I did look at that document, yes.
13	Q.	Okay. So this looks like a manual directive on
14		facial recognition, right?
15	Α.	That's correct.
16	Q.	Number 307.5?
17	A.	Correct.
18	Q.	It looks like it was a new directive, right?
19	Α.	Correct.
20	Q.	Effective September 19th, 2019, right?
21	Α.	Correct.
22	Q.	So do you recall any earlier written manual
23		directive on facial recognition before this
24		September 2019 one?
25	A.	I'm unaware of any earlier facial recognition



1		manual directives.
2	Q.	Okay. Let me scroll down to Section 5 of this
3		manual directive. Let's look at 5.2, "Members
4		shall not use facial recognition technology
5		unless that technology is in support of an
б		active or ongoing Part 1 Violent Crime
7		investigation, (e.g. robbery, sexual assault or
8		homicide) or a Home Invasion 1 investigation."
9		Did I read that correctly?
10	Α.	That's correct.
11	Q.	And was this the limitation to violent crimes
12		that you were mentioning before?
13	Α.	That's correct.
14	Q.	Okay. Do you remember why this policy change
15		occurred between April and September of 2019
16		where it was limited to certain crimes?
17	Α.	As I've already testified to, there was controversy
18		surrounding the use of the technology. We took
19		community input, Board of Police Commissioners
20		input, input from critics, so we wanted to make
21		sure that in order to satisfy all sides, that we
22		would only use it for violent crimes.
23	Q.	But why was that so I understand you received
24		some criticism about the technology. There was
25		controversy surrounding facial recognition in



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1 Detroit and around the country, so why was the 2 response to that controversy this limit on particular crimes instead of some other limit or 3 4 some other prohibition? It was something that we collectively agreed on 5 Α. that because of the seriousness of violent 6 7 crimes, robbery, homicide, for example, that people would more readily embrace the use of it 8 9 as a tool, particularly if it ended up resulting 10 in a violent predatory criminal being taken off 11 the street. Again, it's a lead only, a tool, 12 but it was a very useful tool and I many times 13 would say in the past we would use archaic mug 14 books that victims looked through and it was a 15 time-consuming process and many times not 16 effective. Sometimes it was effective and 17 that's only provided that the person had been 18 arrested in the past. 19

Q. Okay. Let's move down to 5.4. It looks like it
lays out the process for requesting facial
recognition technology. It explains how you
request the technology, how you handle photographs,
how CIU performs the facial recognition searches
and how you handle an investigative lead. That
looks to be, that all looks to be an expansion



1 of the April 2019 policy, right?

2 A. Yes, it does.

3 Okay. Do you remember what motivated the Q. department to expand facial recognition 4 technology process as it was laid out here? 5 6 As I've already testified to, we were in Α. negotiation or conversations with the Board of 7 Police Commissioners, community activists and we 8 9 wanted to make sure that we had a final policy that people would embrace and understood, not 10 that everyone would agree, because there's still 11 12 folks that don't agree with facial recognition, 13 but that said, we wanted to make sure that we 14 had a very strong policy and I feel that the 15 policy that we ultimately developed is probably 16 one of the more rigorous policies associated with the use of facial recognition. 17 So since in September 2019 the 18 Mm-hmm. 0. 19 department limited the types of crimes facial recognition can be used on, you can imagine that 20 there may have been searches run prior to 21 September 2019 on non-violent crimes, right? 2.2 23 I am certain there were searches, but, again, Α.

24 that was only developed in response to some of 25 the concerns that came from the community and



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1		the Board of Police Commissioners and that was
2		the fifth time I made that statement.
3	Q.	Right. So was there some sort of retroactive
4		review of facial recognition searches that were
5		conducted before September 2019 to see if they
6		would comply with the new policy?
7	Α.	Not that I'm aware of.
8	Q.	Okay. Did you as chief instruct anyone that
9		they could no longer rely on facial recognition
10		searches that were run prior to this policy?
11	Α.	I don't recall ever saying that.
12	Q.	Okay. And you're aware that the Shinola
13		investigation at the heart of this case, the
14		charge in that case was of retail fraud in the
15		first degree?
16	Α.	I am.
17	Q.	Okay. And so under the September 2019 policy,
18		that crime would not have been eligible for
19		facial recognition, is that right?
20	Α.	It would not have.
21	Q.	But prior to September 2019 it would have?
22	Α.	Restate your question.
23	Q.	But prior to September 2019 the Shinola
24		investigation and the alleged crimes involved in
25		that investigation would have been eligible for



1 facial recognition? I believe so. As I understand that crime and 2 Α. 3 the time period, that was taken through the Michigan State Police and we didn't have 4 5 specific policy, as I understand, relative to 6 that. Had that occurred once we purchased our own technology and developed policy, it would 7 have been a violation of department policy, and 8 so as far as I recall based on the timeline, it 9 was done solely through the MSP. I can't tell 10 11 you what MSP's policy was. 12 (Marked Exhibit E.) 13 (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. Let me move 0. 14 on to the next exhibit. This is Exhibit E. Do 15 you recognize this document? 16 Α. I recognize my initial, which was my initial. Okay. So it looks like this is the transmittal 17 Ο. of a written directive on facial recognition 18 19 that was, you know, that went through the approval process in July of 2019. Does that 20 look right? 21 22 Α. That's correct. 23 Ο. Okay. But it was never formally adopted in July of 2019, is that right? 24 25 I don't recall. Α.



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1	Q.	Okay. Do you recall there being earlier
2		iterations of the facial recognition technology
3		policy, the manual directive policy before
4		September of 2019?
5	A.	As I indicated, I don't recall. You've shown me
6		several documents that predates this one, so given
7		my review based on this deposition, there would
8		have been an earlier iteration of the policy, so
9		I don't have any independent recollection.
10	Q.	Okay. Independent of the document you see on
11		your screen, do you recall going back and forth
12		with the Board of Police Commissioners on policy
13		revisions for the facial recognition manual
14		directive?
15	A.	I just testified moments ago that there was a
16		lot of back and forth with the police commission,
17		possibly even City Council at some point, so
18		I've already asked I was asked the question
19		and I answered it.
20	Q.	Okay. And so it took some time for that final
21		September 2019 policy to be approved and
22		implemented, given the back and forth, right?
23	A.	I don't recall the time. I would suppose so,
24		given the back and forth.
25	Q.	Okay. And so let's take this draft policy as an



1		example and scroll down to Section 4.2. This
2		looks to be the same limitation that's in the
3		final September 2019 policy, right, that it's
4		limited to Part 1 violent crimes and to Home
5		Invasion 1 crimes?
6	Α.	That's right.
7	Q.	Okay. So it looks like the department was aware
8		that there needed to be limits on facial
9		recognition technology use earlier than
10		September 2019, right, and that's why you went
11		back and forth with the Board of Police
12		Commissioners?
13	Α.	Again, as I testified, it was a conversation
14		between the commission. They reviewed, in some
15		instances I don't know specifically what they
16		wanted, but ultimately the final product if this
17		is the final policy relative to facial recognition.
18		There were a lot of discussions surrounding it.
19	Q.	So during the course of those discussions during
20		the course of that back and forth, did you or
21		any other department leadership implement any
22		interim policies or trainings or special orders
23		regarding the proper use of facial recognition
24		technology while this policy, the formal policy
25		was being worked out?



1 A. I don't recall.

Q. Okay. So also why did the department continue to use facial recognition technology while the policy governing it was still in the approval process?

6 I don't recall why, but clearly as I've already Α. 7 testified to, we were using facial recognition 8 technology through the Michigan State Police, so 9 it wasn't technology that we just started using once we acquired our own software, so I don't 10 11 know the why, but we were already using the 12 technology. It wasn't like new technology to 13 the department. What was new is that we had our 14 own.

15 Q. Right, but like you testified earlier, you have 16 no control over MSP's own policies. You only 17 have control over the department's policies, is 18 that right?

19 A. That's correct.

Q. So while the department's own policy on facial recognition was going through the approval process, couldn't the department have paused the use of facial technician technology while the policy was being approved?

25 A. I don't know why we would pause it. We were



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1 already using the technology.

2 Q. Right. So during you're saying during --

A. I don't recall why we didn't pause it. The only thing I can think of is that we were already using the technology prior to acquiring our own facial recognition software, and we already had a policy in place, not necessarily specific to facial recognition, but a technology policy of some sort.

Q. Okay. So let's talk generally from September
2019 onwards. Were there any updates, from
September 2019 until you left the department in
June of 2021, were there any subsequent updates
to the September 2019 manual directive?

15 A. I don't recall.

Q. Okay. Setting policies aside, what about training? When the DPD began to roll out facial recognition technology in-house, did you feel that it was important to train personnel about how to

20 properly use the technology?

A. As I've testified earlier in this deposition,
the only person using the technology were
members of the Crime Intelligence Unit and not
every member in that unit had the authority to
use the technology, so it was important that the



1 analysts were trained, the supervisors in the 2 unit were trained, but not every member of the unit was using the technology, and as I've 3 already testified to, an officer in the field 4 5 couldn't just come into the Crime Intelligence 6 Unit and start deploying and using the technology. 7 0. So you're saying that only the relevant folks in the Crime Intelligence Unit were trained on how 8 9 to use facial recognition technology? I could not as the Chief of Police use the 10 Α. 11 technology. As I've testified to, the analysts, 12 members of that unit, were the only ones that 13 could use it. 14 Right. And I'm talking specifically about training. Q. 15 I'll say it again, they were educated on the Α. 16 technology, but not the use in terms of actually 17 going through the process the analysts go through. I've testified to the fact that the 18 19 analysts had to go through the FBI's school for facial recognition. I did not go through that 20 school. It's a specific skill. 21 2.2 MR. CUNNINGHAM: If there's some kind 23 of ambiguity you're trying to clear up, I don't think the chief is getting what the ambiguity is 24 25 and I'm not getting it either, if you could



1 please rephrase.

2 MR. WADOOD: I'm about to move on to a 3 different question.

4 Q. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Let's put the use of facial recognition technology aside and talk 5 6 about facial recognition technology in general. 7 Were people outside the Crime Intelligence Unit trained on facial recognition technology in 8 general? Whether or not it has to do with the 9 10 technical use of which buttons to press and how 11 to run a search, were people outside of CIU 12 trained on facial recognition technology in any 13 way?

14 You showed me a document, a training directive Α. that delineated a manual that every department 15 16 member has access to, and when new training directives would come out, they would be 17 disseminated. Whether or not every member of 18 19 the police department read it, understood it, what was most important is the people that were 20 using the technology understood how to use it. 21 It doesn't matter if a detective out in the 22 7th Precinct doing a follow-up investigation 23 wants to, you know, have a review through facial 24 25 recognition. He or she could do that. Ultimately



1 it would be left up to the analysts to decide 2 whether or not it met the established criteria, not the detective in the field, not me as the 3 Chief of Police. I mean I understand basically, 4 5 but I couldn't go through and run the technology, so it's not even practical and your questions 6 7 are somewhat ambiguous and repetitive and just 8 to cut right to it, of course they were aware of 9 the technology. They did not execute on their own running the technology. They couldn't do 10 I couldn't do it as the Chief of Police. 11 it. 12 Q. No, I understand that, so let's talk about that 13 detective you were talking about or detectives 14 in general. Like you said, like you've testified, 15 they're not the ones pressing the buttons and 16 running the technology. They are, however, the 17 ones requesting that a search be run by the CIU, 18 is that right?

19 A. They can, yes.

Q. Okay. And so were detectives trained on how torequest a search, for example?

A. Every member of the department received information.
The detectives were aware of the technology.

- 24 Supervisors, supervisory detectives were aware
- 25 of the technology, as well as the command officers



1 of the stations were aware, and so they don't make the early decisions because they don't have 2 the specific training, so the detective might 3 say I have this image and I want to take it over 4 5 to the Crime Intel Unit. Ultimately the Crime Intel Unit trumps whether or not they will 6 7 execute a search using the technology, so it's 8 okay that the detective or police officer as 9 part of the investigation takes it over to CIU, but that's not the final decision. CIU, based 10 on their training, makes a decision whether or 11 12 not the technology will be used, just like with 13 the Michigan State Police. The department might 14 take an image to the Michigan State Police, but 15 Michigan State Police can deny or approve using 16 the technology.

Q. Right. And so you say that at least on the investigative side, detectives were aware of the technology, supervisors were aware of the technology. What do you mean by aware? How were they made aware of the technology?

A. We've talked about this. It was a training
directive. Detectives were aware that there was
a technology. It's not like we acquired the
technology. It doesn't even make sense, I mean



1 if someone is doing an investigation, certainly we want them to know what tools are at their 2 3 avail, so they know that CIU has the technology and they can take the image as part of the 4 investigative work over to CIU and they can have 5 a discussion. As I've testified to several times, 6 they make the determination whether or not the 7 technology will be used, not the detective in 8 9 the field and not the -- or MSP makes the decision, not the person bringing the image. 10 Okay. I'm looking back on the screen at 11 Q. 12 Exhibit B, which is the training directive you 13 mentioned. I'm struggling to find out if I were 14 a detective how to request a facial recognition search as far as any mention of CIU or an e-mail 15 16 address box or anything like that, so what I'm 17 asking is not necessarily whether detectives were trained on how to use the technology. 18 I'm asking if there was any training, any discussion 19 on how to request a search, and understanding of 20 21 how this whole process works because what I'm looking at at least doesn't tell me that. 2.2 23 I am certain they were made aware of it, Α. I would have monthly, bi-monthly 24 detectives.

25 meetings with my command team. We would discuss



1 a number of issues. Sometimes those issues were I'm sure this came up a number of 2 discussed. times and I'm certain that during those meetings 3 we discussed what steps have to be taken. 4 Do I 5 have independent recollection? I do not, but it is -- we have meetings, staff meetings and 6 sometimes information is communicated during 7 those staff meetings, not necessarily written in 8 this document. 9

10 Q. So you don't have any independent recollection 11 of an actual training to detectives that this is 12 how you run or how you request a facial 13 recognition search?

14 If the deputy chief overseeing the detective Α. unit had a meeting solely on facial recognition, 15 16 I don't have any independent recall. I may have 17 even directed, I don't recall, I may have directed that the detective chief officer 18 conducts a meeting with all of the detective 19 20 supervisors in the department and they did have meetings on a regular basis to talk about 21 22 different issues. I'm certain that happened. 23 When, I can't tell you. I wasn't sitting in those meetings, but I have sat in meetings with 24 25 my executive team to have conversations about a



1		number of different policy decisions. I am
2		certain that I briefed out and gave feedback to
3		the executives in the department so they could
4		take that information back to the people under
5		their command.
6	Q.	And is that briefing to your leadership team and
7		command officers, is that usually written in
8		some form of e-mail or is that more verbal phone
9		calls, person-to-person conversations?
10	Α.	The meetings are usually in person.
11	Q.	Okay. Let's take a break for a few minutes and
12		we can come back.
13	Α.	If you want to plow through because I want to
14		wrap this up and if I've got to come back, so be
15		it, so if you have some other pressing things
16		that you want to ask me, I would strongly
17		suggest you do that.
18	Q.	I am attempting to get us through all this
19		material by four p.m. and this break is only
20		going to be a few minutes, so let's take a
21		three-minute break and come back at 2:43.
22		MR. CUNNINGHAM: Okay.
23		(Recess 2:40 p.m. to 2:44 p.m.)
24		MR. WADOOD: Let's go back on the
25		record then.



1	Q.	(Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. Chief Craig,
2		last question I have for you on the training
3		front is are you aware of something called the
4		detective school?
5	A.	I am.
6	Q.	Can you tell me what that is?
7	A.	It's a school training new detectives,
8		detectives who are recently promoted.
9	Q.	Okay. And some of the witnesses in this case
10		have previously testified that the detective
11		school started sometime in the last few years.
12		Do you have a more specific time period during
13		which the detective school started?
14	A.	I do not. The detective rank did not exist when
15		I was appointed in 2013. I created that position
16		and subsequent to the creation, it was a promotion
17		and like other ranks, whether it's lieutenants,
18		sergeants, and now detectives, they all have to
19		attend a school, if you will, basic training.
20	Q.	Okay. What year did you start the detective
21		position?
22	Α.	I don't recall.
23	Q.	Was it before 2019?
24	A.	Most likely. I just don't recall when.
25	Q.	Okay. And do you recall if the detective school



- started earlier than 2020? 1
- I don't recall. 2 Α.
- 3 Okay. Do you remember what the detective school Q. covered? 4

I don't have any specific recollection of basic 5 Α. 6 investigative techniques, but I didn't sit through a class myself. I probably looked at 7 the curriculum, but I don't recall specifically 8 what was instructed. 9

- Okay. Did you have any role in creating the 10 0. detective school? I know you had a role in 11 12 creating the detective position, but did you 13 have any role in creating the school itself?
- 14 I gave direction to my staff to create a school Α. 15 just like for the sergeants and lieutenants, and 16 they recommended the curriculum. Ultimately I 17 approved it.
- Okay. And do you know if any investigative 18 0. 19 positions, such as detective who entered that role before the school started, do you know if 20 they had to go back and take the school? 21
- I'm unaware of that. 22 Α.
- 23 Ο. Okay.
- There may have been -- I want to say this as a 24 Α. 25 qualifier. Even though I created the rank of





1 detective and it was a promotion, prior to -prior to the detective rank, there were police 2 officers working in investigative assignments. 3 I am not certain if they went through any kind 4 5 of training prior to the establishment of the rank. 6 Okay. And were those investigative police Q. 7 officers rolled over into the detective rank once it was created? 8 9 Α. No, there was a test. Some police officers 10 stayed in the detective assignments because we didn't have enough detectives to fully staff 11 12 every detective unit in the city, so it was a 13 combination of police officers and detectives 14 working in detective assignments. 15 Okay. So now that we've laid out the policy and Q. 16 training landscape at the Detroit Police Department 17 to the extent we could have, let's bring the 18 Shinola investigation back in. So for the sake 19 of your time, I want to fast forward to your earliest involvement in the Shinola investigation. 20 21 Can you tell me when that was? I don't recall when. I was made aware of it. 22 Α. 23 Do you know if you were made aware of it while Ο. 24 the investigation was underway? 25 I think it was after the issues were raised by Α.



your client and it was brought to the attention of the department is probably when I first heard

about the investigation.

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2

3

Okay. So you didn't hear about the investigation 4 Q. until after Mr. Williams was arrested and released 5 6 from custody and his charges were dropped? 7 Α. That was probably when I was made aware of it. 8 Again, as I testified to earlier, I am not 9 briefed on every single investigation that's 10 conducted by the Detroit Police Department, particularly a theft investigation. 11 That 12 generally would never come to me. A homicide, 13 yes. A rape, yes, but when it comes to a theft 14 in general, I probably would not know about that 15 unless a particular area of the city is having a 16 significant number of thefts, that might be something we would talk about during our crime 17 briefings, but other than that, no. 18

19 Q. So then why did this particular theft come to 20 your attention or why was it brought to your 21 attention?

A. Because of the allegations that were made by
your client I'm assuming, I don't recall when,
wrongful arrest, and then when, in the interest
of time, I'll go right into it, when I became



1 aware of it, I publicly made the statement that 2 I felt the detective's investigation was sloppy 3 and but I didn't solely blame the detective 4 because I subsequently learned that he was a new 5 investigator and but I also learned that he 6 submitted a warrant to the prosecutors and they approved it, so no doubt the courts felt there 7 was probable cause to believe a crime had been 8 9 committed. My concern was less about constitutional because the fact that the court 10 11 signed off on it or the prosecutor signed off on 12 it suggested it was constitutional there was 13 probable cause to arrest your client based on 14 the review by the prosecutors and the courts. 15 However, that's not the standard I had set in 16 the police department. I set a standard of excellence, and for me, I couldn't understand 17 how in a case like this that the witness was not 18 19 an eyewitness. It was a witness who looked at a 20 videotape sometime later and then it was based on her review who identified your client. 21 Ι 22 felt again striving for excellence in the police 23 department, that a case like this, especially a newer detective, couple of questions came to 24 25 mind. Where was the supervisor? Where was the



1 manager. Why wasn't there some early intervention 2 keeping along the lines of excellence? Now, again, subsequently the case was approved for a 3 warrant and in that investigative report certainly 4 5 it delineated in the investigative report that the security officer who ultimately identified 6 your client looked at this videotape, I don't 7 8 know, four, six days later, I don't recall the 9 time, and they made a decision that the arrest would be probable cause. Okay. So but I had a 10 personal issue because I felt there could have 11 12 been more scrutiny at the beginning. Didn't 13 mean it was an illegal arrest because we as 14 police officers don't make charging decisions. We might make an arrest for probable cause, but 15 16 when it comes to charging decisions or getting a 17 warrant, that is not our decision and the courts made that decision, as I recall. 18

9 Q. So then as far as your knowledge and recollection goes, let's focus on your -- on the scrutiny and the excellence that you require of your department, and let me just go down real quickly and just confirm. Do you recall how you found out about the Williams case. Did any particular person tell you about it?



1 I don't recall. When I became aware of it, I Α. 2 know I wanted to know more, and so of course I had my staff give me a full briefing, and so, 3 again, I tend to look through issues through a 4 lens of excellence and this was a new detective 5 and I was less concerned about the new detective 6 7 as I was concerned about a review at a higher level because he was a new detective. A more 8 9 experienced detective probably would not have approached it that way. I don't think it was 10 anything nefarious on the part of this new 11 12 detective. I just felt more scrutiny should 13 have been placed, and the other thing I will 14 add, that policy regarding facial recognition came after this incident. As you've already 15 16 alluded to through your questioning, because it 17 was a theft investigation, this would have been outside of our policy, but that policy, as I 18 understand it, did not exist. 19

Q. Okay. So let me take that one piece at a time.
So you said you asked your staff to brief you on
the details of the investigation, is that right?

23 A. Yes.

24 (Marked Exhibit F.)

25 Q. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) I threw up a document,



3 A. Not off-hand, but it came from the assistant
4 chief and I probably requested the information,
5 but I don't have any specific recall of this
6 particular memorandum.

7 Q. Okay. Let me just scroll to the bottom and read the conclusion for you. It says -- this is 8 again from Assistant Chief White, now Chief 9 White. "While the specific circumstances of 10 this case are not determined, I firmly believe 11 12 that our current Policy Directive prevents any 13 similar case to occur in the future." T'm 14 assuming at this point in time, this memo is 15 dated July 2020, by current policy directive, 16 Chief White likely was referring to that September 2019 policy we looked at? 17

18 A. It appears so, yes.

19 Q. So based on what you've just testified, you20 would agree with Chief White's conclusion here?

- 21 A. I would.
- Q. That under the September 2019 policy Mr. Williamswould not have been arrested?
- A. Well, again, it would have been outside of ourcurrent policy. It was a theft investigation,



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so that alone would not justify the use of

2 facial recognition.

3 All right. So let's just assume that the Q. Shinola investigation did involve a Part 1 4 crime. Let's say the Shinola thief brandished a 5 6 gun and it was a robbery. Would it still have 7 been possible under the September 2019 policy which covers robbery, would it still have been 8 9 possible that facial recognition technology falsely identified that person as Robert Williams? 10 11 Α. You want me to speculate, so I'm going to give 12 you an answer based on the speculation. As I've 13 indicated with facial recognition, I can't speak 14 on what the MSP did or didn't do. I wasn't 15 there. I don't run MSP, but I have every bit of 16 confidence in the way we deploy the facial 17 recognition, certainly with the layers of review 18 that are baked in to when a match is made, again, one analyst who is doing the initial 19 20 work, a second analyst who confirms it, and then 21 a supervisor who approves it. I would believe in that case it would have stopped, but I can't 22 speak on what the MSP does in terms of layers of 23 I have no idea, but you're asking me 24 review. 25 something on speculation. We're still talking



1 about human error. Do I think that in every instance a human behind reviewing the technology 2 alone would get it wrong? That's the whole idea 3 by placing in layers of review because it's 4 5 highly unlikely, at least we hope, that three people are going to get it wrong and I have a 6 very high amount of confidence in the individual 7 who was the supervisor in that unit. 8 He was 9 very thorough and I'm certain that if an analyst got it wrong, he would have stopped it or 10 another analyst would have, but I did not get 11 12 any reports of that happening.

Q. Okay. And other than the memo on the screen that you're looking at, do you recall any other documents or reports that were sent to you regarding the Shinola investigation?

17 A. I do not.

Okay. So I know you said you made some public 18 Ο. 19 comments about the case, about the sloppy investigative work. I'm going to get to that in 20 21 a second. Before I move to that, did you do anything else internally within the department 2.2 23 such as institute new reforms in response to the Shinola investigation and what happened to 24 Mr. Williams? 25



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1 Α. I don't recall. I know we had a number of discussions. I think collectively we agree had 2 we been operating with our current policy, with 3 our current staff, well-trained staff, this 4 5 would not have happened, but, again, I can't speak to the MSP's investigation, but, again, I 6 7 stress that despite what I refer to as a sloppy investigation, I should have been less critical 8 of the officer and more critical, which I was 9 ultimately more critical of supervision and 10 11 management.

Q. Okay. Let's move on to those public critiques. I want to make sure I have all the public comments down on paper, so you testified about what happened in this case to the Detroit City Council's Public Health and Safety Committee, is that right?

18 A. I don't recall.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: No. Objection to yourcategorizing that as testimony.

Q. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) You spoke to the Detroit City Council's Public Health and Safety Committee in June of 2020 about this case, is that right?

25 A. I don't recall.



1	Q.	Did you testify or speak to did you speak to
2		the Board of Police Commissioners on July 9th,
3		2020 about this case?
4	A.	I do recall briefing the Board of Police
5		Department Board of Police Commissioners
6		regarding this case and it may have been even
7		beyond the one time. I know there were several
8		discussions, as I've testified, several
9		discussions with the board about facial
10		recognition. I am certain that one of the
11		discussions centered on this case.
12	Q.	Okay. But you don't recall any discussions with
13		the City Council about this case?
14	Α.	If there's documentation that says I did it, I'm
15		not saying I didn't do it. I have no independent
16		recollection, as I've already testified to.
17		(Marked Exhibit G.)
18	Q.	(Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. I'm going to
19		throw up Exhibit G. This looks like a transcript
20		of a Board of Police Commissioners meeting
21		July 9, 2020, is that right?
22	Α.	Yes.
23	Q.	Okay. I'm going to scroll down to page 55 on
24		the transcript. Okay. So if you'd like, I can
25		scroll up to confirm that this is you speaking



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as you'll see on page 47, line five, your
 discussion begins at this Board of Police
 Commissioners meeting. Do you see that?

4 A. I see it.

5 Ο. Okay. So you say later on in your remarks at 6 the end of page 55, "So one of the things as I 7 started out, as you know, this tragic situation involving the arrest of Mr. Williams should not 8 have happened. Had the Board of Police 9 Commissioners' policy that was adopted ten 10 months ago been in place, this would not have 11 12 happened. We know that.

13 What I can tell you, as clearly as I 14 know the facts of this case, this was clearly 15 sloppy, sloppy investigative work. There's no 16 other way for me to say it but that way."

17 So you've already mentioned in this 18 deposition that you thought the investigative 19 work in this case was sloppy. Do you recall 20 what about Detective Donald Bussa's investigative 21 work in this case was sloppy?

A. I had some concerns that we were using not an
eyewitness, but a witness that viewed an image
of a theft days after the event, and so I had
concerns as to how would we use someone who



1 wasn't at the scene. That was my core concern, however, as I've testified to, according to the 2 courts, it did not make this an unconstitutional 3 4 arrest. I just felt from my view that we should 5 not have used a witness who wasn't an eyewitness. It would have been different if she was deployed 6 at Shinola at the time the theft occurred. 7 She saw the suspect and then subsequently looked at 8 9 a video and said, "Yeah, that was the suspect I saw commit the crime," so that was my concern. 10 11 Q. So you're clearly a very experienced police 12 executive. Can you tell me why it's an issue 13 that someone who is not an eyewitness, someone 14 who wasn't even on the scene of a crime, can you 15 tell me why it's an issue that someone like that 16 is used in a photo line-up?

17 Α. I can't tell you why. I don't know why. Ι 18 wasn't the detective. I wasn't the supervisor running the detective unit. Again, I made a 19 judgment based on my own personal experience, 20 but that said, it had to do with striving for 21 excellence and I didn't think that was good 22 23 police work.

Q. Right. So I'm not asking you why that person
was used in this case. I'm asking you generally



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1 speaking from your experience as police chief, why is it an issue of excellence or lack of excellence, 2 3 why is it a problem for a detective to use someone 4 who is not an eyewitness in a photo line-up? 5 I guess that's based on my years of training. I Α. have not personally heard of a scenario like 6 I'm not saying that you can't use a 7 this. video, as we have many times to solve crimes 8 9 and, but, again, you've got a person who is not an evewitness, that basically what would have 10 made this security guard more of a witness than 11 12 the investigator. Let's say if the investigator 13 had pulled the images and based on images that 14 captured a suspect in the store at the time 15 taken items and there was an effort to identify 16 him or her, I just felt like she's not an eyewitness, my personal opinion, my personal 17 judgment and I just felt it wasn't good 18 detective work. 19 20 Q. Okay. I understand. So you're saying there's

21 little to no difference between Catherine Johnston 22 the security consultant, that non-eyewitness 23 looking at the video and me looking at the video 24 as far as who is a better witness?

25 A. Right, I don't know the value. Again, if the



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1 security guard had been on scene and was a direct eyewitness, to me that's different. 2 3 Okay. So let's move on just a little bit in the Q. 4 transcript. You say the other big concern, this is on line seven of page 56. "The other big 5 concern that I didn't talk about much in the 6 public media was that I'm deeply concerned about 7 the lack of failed oversight concerning this case. 8 9 I cannot understand and will not accept command-level personnel who are not aware of the 10 key issues emanated out of their command. And 11 12 in this instance, how did one not know that there 13 was a new detective who used facial recognition 14 before the policy and it just went over to the 15 Prosecutor's Office where the Prosecutor's 16 Office ultimately signed?" 17 So can you tell me what those failures in oversight were that you were talking about? 18 I've already testified to it, the fact that it 19 Α. appears on its face this new detective didn't 20 21 have any supervisory -- no, in fact, I think the 22 detective did, in fact, go to the supervisor and 23 the supervisor suggested take it to the prosecutor. They make the final decision, so the prosecutor 24 25 based on my review of the investigator's report



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knew that this was not a direct eyewitness, this
 security officer.

3 I'm not talking about the prosecutor. Q. I'm 4 talking about the DPD supervisors in this case, where were their failures in this case? 5 6 Well, the number one failure is he's a new Α. officer and I just felt something as important 7 8 as using facial recognition, they should have at 9 least run it by -- I'm not in disagreement with 10 I guess it was a lieutenant he went to and said, 11 well, let the courts determine it. Well, I 12 still would have had a concern over eyewitness 13 versus somebody who days later looks at an image 14 and says, "Yep, this is the right person." 15 That's my opinion, okay, so that's the failure 16 in my mind, and just so I can cut through this 17 instead of going through this lengthy conversation 18 about it, I did end up deappointing the command officer in this case, not solely for this. It 19 20 was a pattern and practice in his command of not 21 paying attention to those things that I think are critical in running an effective command. 22 23 There were things that kept coming up. It just 24 so happened this was the one thing that took me 25 to the place where I said, you know, he's not



1 involved to the degree I would want him involved in providing accountability and oversight in his 2 3 command. 4 Okay. So you're saying that was then Captain, Q. now Lieutenant Rodney Cox? 5 6 Yes. Α. 7 Q. Okay. So you're saying that the reason you deappointed now Lieutenant Cox was not just his 8 9 failure to oversee the Shinola investigation, it was his general failure to oversee cases in the 10 3rd Precinct? 11 12 Α. Right, unaware of what was going on in his 13 precinct in general. 14 Okay. I'll move on to kind of discipline issues Q. 15 in a little bit. Let me just get through this 16 transcript as quickly as possible. So you also 17 mention at the top of page 57 and you say, "We 18 now know that the image or the photograph that 19 was used in facial recognition was blurry. And that under current policy, a blurry image would 20 not be used in facial recognition. But in this 21 instance it was used." 22 23 So at the time of the Shinola investigation, let me see if I get this straight, 24



so the detectives at that time of the investigation

25

1 weren't being trained on what is or isn't a quality input image for facial recognition? 2 I can't say whether they were trained or not, 3 Α. but the fact is that I testified or I briefed 4 5 the commission as it's pointed out based on 6 current policy a blurry photograph could not be 7 used and so -- okay. So it couldn't be used, so I just, you know, put criticism towards that, 8 9 but, again, it comes back to what I've testified continuously through this deposition is that 10 it's more the call of the analyst to determine 11 12 whether or not the photograph is good enough for 13 an evaluation. Now, again, I am not the expert. 14 I am not the analyst. I'm just saying it was 15 baked into our new policy. I don't know what 16 the Michigan State analyst did or did not do. Okay. But you said that under the current 17 Ο. policy an image like this would not have been --18 19 blurry images aren't accepted, right? I've testified to that, so am I not being clear? 20 Α. 21 Q. So which policy are you talking about? Are you talking about the policy we looked at, the 2.2 September 2019 policy? 23 I talked about blurry pictures not being used, 24 Α.



whatever policy that is, I don't know which one.

25

1 All I'm saying is it's in one of those policies and, again, it's the analyst who makes the 2 3 decision whether or not the image is good enough 4 for a process in the software. 5 Right, and that's what I'm asking you, which Q. 6 policy is this prohibition on blurry images? I don't know. I'm telling you it's in one of 7 Α. I've seen it. I remember it and for me 8 them. 9 to articulate it at a police commission hearing, we know that blurry photographs are not -- but 10 the analyst makes that final decision. 11 They 12 might look at it and say I think we can get a 13 match on this.

- 14 Q. So you don't know which policy. You know there15 is a policy?
- 16 A. Or it could have been a discussion. I don't17 recall. It's four years ago.

18 Q. Mm-hmm.

19 A. And I made that statement at the commission 20 because I knew, instinctively knew that blurry 21 photos are generally not satisfactory for a run 22 in the software, I just know that. Now, whether 23 it's written or not, maybe I misspoke.

Q. Okay. But your understanding today is that ifthere were a policy prohibiting blurry images



from being used --

1

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2 Α. Maybe. Ultimately, I'm going to say it for the 3 sixth time, the analyst ultimately makes a decision 4 as to whether a photograph meets the criteria, 5 not the Chief of Police. I can have an opinion, but there have been conversations about blurry 6 7 images not being -- so I don't know what photograph 8 the analyst from MSP had. Maybe it was a 9 different photograph that I saw. Don't know. 10 Q. Okay. Let me power through this transcript. 11 Page 58, top of the page you say here that, 12 "What was left out, and what I'm advising you of 13 today, the person that made the pick in the 14 photo array was not a direct witness. 15 In fact, the security staff member 16 wasn't even there when the theft took place." We already talked about this issue, right? 17 18 Α. Yes, we did, asked and answered. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) All right. I'm 19 0. moving forward. 20 21 I can't see it on my screen anyway. You can Α. 22 just read it. I don't know what happened, but 23 anyway. Moving on to the same page line 14, you said, 24 0. 25 "If we had the policy in place today, it would



1 have been a direct violation of policy." This is in reference to the use of a non-eyewitness. 2 3 I could have misspoke even there. It wouldn't Α. have even met, under our current policy, it was 4 5 a theft. If for no other reason, it's a theft. So you're saying this search, it's not that the 6 Q. 7 search or the arrest warrant wouldn't have been issued because of the eyewitness issue. 8 Ιt wouldn't have even gotten there because a facial 9 recognition search wouldn't have been run on a 10 theft crime? 11 12 Α. Under current policy, how many times do I have 13 to say it? Under current policy we wouldn't 14 have done it, but as I understand the timeline, 15 that policy didn't exist, so it wouldn't have 16 happened, and if it would have happened, it 17 would have been a direct violation of policy. Am I missing something? 18 And that's what I'm trying to understand. You're 19 Ο. talking here on page 58 about eyewitnesses and 20 21 we're talking about the policy that you said you

- 22 testified to multiple times is a policy about
- 23 facial recognition.
- A. Look, my reference to eyewitness, that was my
 personal judgment call. I would have preferred,



1 as I've testified, that I would have wanted 2 involvement by supervision to say why are we 3 using -- at least ask the question. Now, of 4 course, the prosecutor and the judge made another decision based on what they were 5 presented, and to the detective's credit in his 6 7 investigative report, he delineated that this security guard was, in fact, a non-eyewitness. 8 9 He said it in his report.

10 Q. Okay. We'll get to that in a little bit.

11 A. We've already gotten to it.

12 Q. Okay. We'll get to it again if there's a 13 specific question that you haven't answered. 14 Let's move on to page 65. Now, this is then 15 Assistant Chief White, now Chief White talking. 16 He says, "So you take the investigative lead. 17 You then have to inquire whether or not your 18 suspect had an opportunity to commit the crime 19 that they're being accused of. And that can be as simple as, did they have the availability? 20 Did they have the timeline? Were they at work? 21 And looking at this investigation from that 2.2 23 standpoint, those things were not done, and that's a violation of our policy, our policy of 24 investigations." I believe you've already 25



1		testified earlier in this deposition that you
2		agree with Mr. or with Chief White's conclusion
3		here that those steps weren't taken in this
4		investigation, right?
5	А.	Yes.
6	Q.	And you agree that those would be crucial steps
7		to take in an investigation?
8	Α.	Yes.
9	Q.	Even with a facial recognition search being done?
10	Α.	There needs to be appropriate steps. We're
11		talking about two different things here and I
12		think part of my frustration, to be honest with
13		you, you're expecting me to testify on, one, why
14		the MSP decided they don't work for me, so
15		part of what's going on here, we got a policy
16		that can happen after, we got a situation that
17		we've I've testified and I'm sure others have
18		saying that under our current policy, it would
19		have been against our policy to even, you know,
20		initiate or execute a facial recognition probe.
21		We just wouldn't have done it, and if it was
22		done, it was outside of department policy.
23	Q.	Right. So I think you're thinking that I'm
24		asking a question that's bigger than itself.
25		All I'm asking about is these specific steps



A.

Q.

A.

Q.

A.

Q.

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that Chief White mentions here, and like you		
mentioned before, facial recognition requires	s a	
human process, so what I'm asking you is that		
even with a facial recognition search being o	lone	
in the case, a case, not specifically this ca	ase,	
a case, would you agree that these steps are		
important steps to take even after a search h	nas	
been done?		
MR. CUNNINGHAM: Chief Craig, Ramis	is	
highlighting a portion of his transcript as h	ne's	
speaking. Are you able to see what he's		
highlighting?		
No, I don't see it, no.		
(Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) I've also dropped	1	
the document in the Zoom chat and you're free	e to	
open that document independently on your comp	outer	
as well. Are you able to see the document?		
There are several documents here, so		
It's Exhibit G.		
Okay.		
Scroll down to the 17th page of the document		
which there's multiple pages per page of the		
transcript. It's one of those kind of		

- documents, page 65 of the transcript itself.
- 25 A. It says it's 22 of 25 pages.



1	Q.	Okay. I'm not sure which document you're
2		looking at. I'm going to try once again. If
3		you go back to the Zoom chat that we're talking
4		in, I'm going to try to open the document again.
5	A.	I can't. My phone went off. Something happened
6		here and I can't get it. Okay? Yeah, I got it
7		back now.
8	Q.	Okay. Awesome. So I'm highlighting this
9		section here.
10	A.	Right.
11	Q.	Again, this is what I was talking about, subsequent
12		investigative steps, do they have the ability,
13		did they have the timeline, were they at work.
14		Looking at this investigation from the standpoint
15		Chief White is talking about the Shinola
16		investigation, I'm asking you do you agree with
17		Chief White, he argues important steps to take
18		in an investigation after a facial recognition
19		result has been returned?
20	Α.	I don't disagree, but I don't recall. This was
21		a different kind of case. He's talking about
22		the now versus what was done before, so I don't
23		have an opinion on that at all.
24	Q.	Okay. I'll move down to page 68. Now, this is
25		Lawrence Garcia, then the corporation counsel at



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1 the city talking, and he says, "In many instances we can't go into this level of detail because 2 there's a litigation pending or anticipated. We 3 do anticipate a lawsuit given the media reports 4 connected to this incident. 5 So normally, a lot of this level of 6 detail would not be something that we'd want to 7 go into in an open meeting. However, this is an 8 9 exceptional case. I'm not a cop, but of course Chief Craig is, and he said this is not an 10 indefensible case, so we would be conceding 11 12 liability. And there's no harm in speaking 13 frankly about the facts of this case." 14 So what about this case, the Shinola 15 investigation, to you made it such a clear case 16 for conceding liability? I don't recall. 17 Α. I'm going to object to 18 MR. CUNNINGHAM: 19 the form of that question because you've read somebody else's statement. 20 21 Yeah, I have no comment relative to Mr. Garcia's Α. 22 statement. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. Setting aside 23 0. Mr. Garcia's statement, what about this case was 24 exceptionally bad to you? 25



)23

1 I've already testified I felt it didn't meet a Α. 2 standard of excellence based on the new detective's using a non-eyewitness and the lack of oversight 3 in the command, however, you know, certainly the 4 5 courts said it was probable cause based on what was written by the detective. I would have 6 7 liked to have thought that someone could have 8 intervened maybe, but that didn't change the 9 court's opinion. The courts said it was 10 constitutional. 11 Q. And I'm talking about, again, I'm talking about 12 your understanding of the case and so was this 13 case, were the issues in this case exceptionally 14 bad to the point where it's not --15 I'm not going to let you put words in my mouth. Α. 16 It's a question. You can disagree with me. Q. 17 Α. But I already said it was sloppy. Some things could have been done different. I don't know 18 19 how many ways you want me to articulate it. Do I think it should have been a more thorough 20 21 review at the supervisory and maybe even at the 22 command level because facial recognition was 23 being used? Certainly, certainly, but, again, I recognize he was a new detective and it was an 24 25 outside -- what made it more problematic was an



1 outside agency. Obviously the agency doing the run felt it was sufficient and so --2 (Marked Exhibit H.) 3 4 (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. I'm going to Q. move on to a different document. 5 This is 6 Exhibit H. And I've got a hard out before four because I 7 Α. have something else, just so you know, so if 8 9 you're not going to wrap it up, then --I understand. We're getting towards four and 10 0. 11 we're getting towards the end. Okay. Do you 12 recognize this document? 13 I've seen a similar document. I don't have Α. 14 specific recall about this one, no. 15 When you were giving remarks to the Board of Q. 16 Police Commissioners, was there a presentation, a power point presentation given to the board 17 alongside your remarks? 18 19 Α. I don't recall. There may have been, but I don't recall. I've made numerous presentations 20 21 over the eight years I was there. Some the 22 presentation would include video, but I don't recall specific on this. 23 Okay. So you don't recall this document at all? 24 Ο.

25 A. Not off-hand.



		03/06/2023 Fage 100
1	Q.	Okay. So other than your comments to the Board
2		of Police Commissioners and any potential comments
3		to the City Council, do you recall any other
4		public comments you made regarding the Shinola
5		investigation?
6	Α.	I don't recall, but I could have been interviewed
7		by the media.
8	Q.	I'm just asking for your recollection. If you
9		don't recall, you don't recall.
10	Α.	I could have. I don't recall, but I could have.
11	Q.	So you don't recall any other than the City
12		Council or the BOPC?
13	Α.	Well, I didn't recall the City Council, as I've
14		already testified to.
15	Q.	Other than the police commission and any comment
16		to the City Council, you don't recall any other
17		public comments?
18	А.	I do not.
19	Q.	Okay. So there was an internal affairs
20		investigation into what happened in the Shinola
21		investigation, right?
22	Α.	I'm assuming so, yes.
23	Q.	And I don't want to read between the lines. Do
24		you recall or don't recall that investigation?
25	А.	I don't recall.



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- 1 Q. Okay.
- 2 A. I don't recall the outcome.

3	Q.	Okay. And you don't recall calling for an
4		investigation, any internal affairs investigation?
5	Α.	I may have. I probably did, but I don't recall
6		doing it.
_		

Q. Okay. Do you recall or are you aware that some
DPD personnel were formally disciplined as a
result of that internal affairs investigation?

10 A. I don't recall.

Q. Okay. Setting aside the internal affairs
investigation itself, do you recall if Detective
Donald Bussa was disciplined in any way for his
involvement in the Shinola investigation?

15 A. I don't recall.

Q. Okay. Do you recall if Detective Levan Adams who was the detective in charge of the case before Detective Bussa, do you recall if he was disciplined in any way as a result of -- whether or not it was a result of the internal affairs investigation?

22 A. I don't recall.

Q. Okay. And it's totally fine if your answer is
the same after I show this document. We do this
to refresh people's memory if ever it's helpful.



		03/00/2023 rage 1
1		I'm showing Exhibit J.
2		(Marked Exhibit J.)
3	Q.	(Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) This is an official
4		reprimand of Detective Adams which was the
5		result of a Notice of Discipline that came out
6		of the internal affairs investigation into this
7		case. You don't recall this line of discipline?
8	A.	I don't recall.
9	Q.	Okay. How about Lieutenant Barbara Kozloff, do
10		you recall Lieutenant Kozloff being disciplined
11		or any action taken against her in response her
12		involvement in the Shinola investigation?
13	A.	I don't recall.
14		(Marked Exhibit K.)
15	Q.	(Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) Okay. Again, just
16		to refresh your memory, Exhibit K, this is a
17		Notice of Discipline for neglect of duty of
18		Lt. Barbara Kozloff. It's a two-day suspension.
19		You don't recall any discipline of this sort
20		against Lieutenant Kozloff?
21	A.	I don't recall.
22	Q.	Moving on to Captain Cox, then Captain Cox, now
23		Lieutenant Cox. Do you recall any discipline
24		taken against Lieutenant Cox for his role in the
25		Shinola investigation?



1 As I've testified to, I recall that he was Α. deappointed from the rank of captain to lieutenant, 2 3 not solely because of this investigation, but 4 because of a series of performance failures in 5 my judgment and my team's judgment. 6 Q. Okay. I don't recall if that was the extent of it. 7 Α. (Marked Exhibit L.) 8 9 Q. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) So I'm showing exhibit, what are we at now, L, showing you 10 11 Exhibit L. So you don't recall any suspension 12 or reprimand of Lieutenant Cox for neglect of duty? 13 I don't recall specifically, no. Α. 14 Okay. So focusing on that deappointment, I'm Q. 15 showing you Exhibit M. This is the letter through 16 which you deappointed Lieutenant Cox, is that 17 right? That's correct. 18 Α. Okay. And you've already testified as to the 19 Ο. reasons of his deappointment, that it was not 20 just his failure to properly supervise the 21 Shinola investigation. It was for other 22 failures in the 3rd Precinct, is that right? 23 I've testified to it, yes. 24 Α. 25 Q. Okay. I think we're almost done with plenty of



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1	time left over. Let's just take another two to
2	three-minute break just to make sure I have
3	everything I need.

4 Can we try to get, if it's a few more minutes, I Α. 5 do have a hard out, so I'd appreciate some 6 consideration. Can we just get through it? I promise you we will get through it by 4:00. 7 Q. This is how I'm making sure. I'm talking to my 8 9 team, making sure there's anything left. Ιf there is, we'll come back for another few 10 minutes, get you out of here before 4:00. 11 Ιf 12 there's nothing left, then we're done, so let's 13 come back at 3:36.

14MR. CUNNINGHAM: All right. Sounds good.15(Recess 3:33 p.m. to 3:34 p.m.)

MR. WADOOD: Back on the record.

16

17 0. (Continuing, by Mr. Wadood) One final thing for you, just to close out our last conversation 18 19 about Lieutenant Cox's deappointment. You said that his deappointment was not just because of 20 the Shinola investigation, it was for a 21 multitude of reasons. Can you explain some of 22 23 the other reasons more specifically that you chose to deappoint Lieutenant Cox? 24

25 A. I cannot go into -- I can't recall specifically.



1		In general it was lack of performance as a
2		command officer.
3	Q.	And what does that lack of performance entail as
4		far as being a command officer?
5	Α.	Accountability or lack of proper management
6		oversight, but I can't go into the specifics.
7		I've considered in my judgment he was one of the
8		weaker command-level officers and he just never
9		came up to a level of where I thought he needed
10		to be and so I made the decision, and certainly
11		this was one of many things and I can't remember
12		all of those things because it didn't just start
13		at this. It was before that.
14	Q.	Okay. And without getting into any specific
15		cases or investigations, I respect that, you had
16		mentioned issues with accountability and issues

17 with management, and so I'm wondering

18 accountability to whom as a commanding officer?

A. Well, holding his staff accountable to make sure
that they're striving towards excellence. It's
just that simple. That's what I testified to.

22 Q. Outside of the Shinola investigation, what

23 didn't he do?

A. I don't recall specifics. He was not someonethat I and the executive team viewed as a strong



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1 command officer and a lot of it in general was 2 his inability to effectively provide managerial 3 oversight. Okay. And how did you communicate these issues 4 Q. to then Captain, now Lieutenant Cox? 5 6 Sometimes they were communicated by his deputy Α. chief and assistant chief, sometimes me directly. 7 It could have been during what we call our 8 9 CompStat meeting where we talk about crime issues and his unawareness of what was going on 10 in terms of his precinct, and in fairness to 11 12 that, it's a lot more than that. I just don't 13 specifically recall each and every thing, so his 14 deappointment, it wasn't just because of this. 15 I think I just want to make that point clear. 16 Q. Right. And I'm not talking about specifics. Are there any general trends you saw? 17 I've already testified. I don't know what more 18 Α. 19 you want me to say. He didn't reach the standard that I thought was appropriate for his 20 level in the organization generally. 21 Okay. And then at the point of his deappointment, 22 Ο. 23 I know I showed you his letter, his deappointment letter in Exhibit M. Was there any additional 24 line of communication other than this letter 25



1 where you told him he's being deappointed and 2 why he's being deappointed? 3 A. I don't recall what other information was given 4 to him before the letter. I am certain he knew

5 about this prior to the official -- this just

6 was an official notification, as it delineates.

7 Q. Right. Setting aside what he may or may not

8 have known, I'm asking --

9 A. What do you mean may or may not? Well, I'm sure
10 he knew, but this was just --

11 Q. I'm not asking that.

12 A. I don't know what you want me to say.

Q. And I'm not asking you what he knew. I'm asking what you knew. As far as did you have any conversations with Captain Cox about his deappointment outside of this letter?

17 A. I more than likely did. Some things I didn't

18 delegate. I probably did it with another

19 executive member of the team. Do I recall when, 20 where, time of day? No, I don't. Do I remember 21 what I exactly said to him? No, I don't.

22 MR. WADOOD: Okay. Those are all the 23 questions I have. With a whole 20 minutes left. 24 Mr. Cunningham?

25 A. That's so generous. That's very generous.



1	MR. CUNNINGHAM: I have no questions.
2	We can get the chief out of here as soon as we can.
3	MR. WADOOD: All right. Enjoy the rest
4	of your day, Chief.
5	(Deposition concluded at 3:41 p.m.)
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1 STATE OF MICHIGAN)

2 COUNTY OF MACOMB)

3 I, Ann L. Bacon, a Notary Public in and for the above county and state, do hereby certify 4 5 that the witness, whose attached deposition was б taken before me in the entitled cause on the 7 date, time and place hereinbefore set forth, was first duly sworn to testify to the truth, and 8 nothing but the truth; that the testimony 9 contained in said deposition was reduced to 10 11 writing in the presence of said witness by means 12 of stenography; that said testimony was 13 thereafter reduced to written form by mechanical 14 means; and that the deposition is, to the best 15 of my knowledge and belief, a true and correct 16 transcript of my stenographic notes so taken. 17 I further certify that the signature to and the reading of the deposition by the witness was 18 19 waived by counsel for the respective parties that I an not of counsel to either 20 hereto; also 21 party or in 22 23 Ann L. Bacon, Notary Public, Macomb County 24 Acting in Macomb County

25 My commission expires: 6/29/23



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1	25 9 25th				
1 55:6,8 61:4,5 79:4	28 1 2:40				
1.5 53:3					
14 91:24	2:43				
17th 95:21	2:44				
1974 13:13					
1977 13:21 14:23					
1980 13:21 14:23 15:3	3 50				
1981 15:7	30 1				
19th 54:20	307.				
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1:13 16:19	3:34				
1:15 16:19	3:36				
1st 51:2	3:41				
2	3rd				
20 25:6 107:23					
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2009 15:9,11	47 8				
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2013 15:14,16,21 16:21 33:5 71:15	4th				
2017 31:16,17,23 33:9					
2018 11:1 24:6	5 55				
2019 46:21 48:14 49:2,9,14	5.2				
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2020 72:1 78:15 81:23 82:3,21	57 8				
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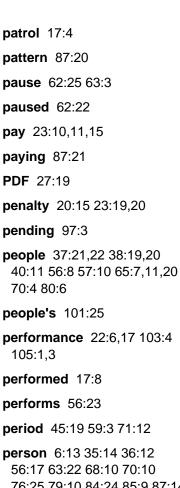
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