

1. Purpose. The Counter Violent Extremism Interagency Task Force shall be the senior-level governance body for the strategic administration and policy coordination of the CVE strategy.
2. Mission. The mission of the CVE-IATF is to manage the President's domestic CVE portfolio to insure a synchronized and integrated whole-of-government effort in reducing violent extremism in the United States. To that end, it shall:
 - a. Advise the President through the National Security Council, on CVE policy and training; provide recommendations on key policy decisions and opportunities for standardization and improved effectiveness and efficiency; and facilitate cross-functional CVE policy coordination.
 - b. Assist with development of a CVE framework that integrates, across all department and agency levels, engagements, and support to and through local partners, customized responses for emerging problems, individually tailored interventions, research and analysis priorities, on-line and social media communications policy and training. This framework must align with and be informed by other Homeland security and Violent Extremism-related functions.
 - c. Oversee implementation of the CVE framework, an infrastructure empowered and resourced to coordinate, prioritize and deconflict domestic CVE activities across the federal government and with stakeholders.
 - d. Approve the strategic CVE plan, then monitor and assess its execution. This plan will clearly define lanes of responsibility, accountability and communications across the government and with the public, ensuring efforts are complementary and reinforcing.
 - e. Commission reviews and in-depth studies of CVE issues and, based on the results, make recommendations for developing or improving policies, processes, procedures, and products to address pervasive, enduring, or emerging violent extremism security challenges.
 - f. Review resource investments and priorities and recommend changes to the National Security Council.
 - g. Provide a forum for identification, documentation, and dissemination of best practices, including those associated with Homeland Security risk management. This includes integrating federal partners outside of traditional national security lanes with broader community engagement responsibilities such as education, social services, health services and digital media expertise.
 - h. Identify performance measures to be used to assess the effectiveness of the CVE program and its contribution to mission success.