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14	AT SPOKANE				
15	JAMES ELMER MITCHELL and	NO. 16-MC-	.0036-II O		
16	JOHN "BRUCE" JESSEN,	110. 10-MC-	0030-JLQ		
17	Petitioners,		RS' REPLY IN		
	vs.		OF MOTION TO EPOSITIONS OF CIA		
18	,,,,	WITNESSE: "JOHN/JAN	S GINA HASPEL AND		
19	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	JOHN/JAN	E DOE		
20		February 24,	2017 ent to be Scheduled at		
21	Respondent.	Oral Argume Court's Disc	ent to be Scheduled at		
		Court's Disc.	iction		
22	Related Case:	NO. CV-15-0	0286-II O		
23	SULEIMAN ABDULLAH SALIM, et	110.67 13	0200 JLQ		
24	al.,				
25	Plaintiffs,				
			Dotte		
26	DEDLY IN CUIDODT OF MOTION TO		Betts Patterson		
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Petitioners/Defendants ("Defendants") reply to the United States' Response to Defendants' Motion to Compel Depositions of CIA Witnesses Gina Haspel and "John/Jane Doe".

Plaintiffs in the underlying action, 15-286-JLQ, allege that Defendants "designed, implemented, and personally administered an experimental torture program" under contract with the CIA, pursuant to which Plaintiffs assert that they were subjected to torture. As the Court has recognized, Plaintiffs both bear the burden of proof with respect to their claims and have consistently taken the position that they do not require discovery because "the facts necessary to adjudicate this matter are available in the public record." (ECF No. 70 in Case No. 16-MC-00360JLQ, p. 2, citing ECF No. 34 in Case No. 15-286-JLQ).

During argument on Defendants' Motion to Compel on February 14, 2017, the Court stated that Defendants "were privy to whatever took place in their dealings with the plaintiffs, the three plaintiffs." [Transcript, 18/9-10.] In fact, the evidence will be that Defendants were entirely unaware of the existence, detention, or interrogation of Plaintiffs Salim and ben Soud until this action was commenced against them, [Transcript, p. 19/16-21], and had only minimal involvement with Plaintiff Rahman sometime before his death from hypothermia.

¹ The Court also expressed the view that Defendants were seeking to confirm what they intended to testify to, in order to avoid impeachment. [Transcript, p. 18/17-20.] However, as the Court was advised during the hearing, Defendants' depositions have been completed. [Transcript, p. 24/8-15.]

While Plaintiffs may believe they are prepared to proceed without the requested discovery, Defendants need, and are entitled to, discovery to support their denial of Plaintiffs' claims. As the Court is aware, Defendants assert that they assisted in developing an interrogation approach for use upon *specific*, *High Value Detainees*, including Abu Zubaydah, Khalid Sheik Muhammed, and Abd al-Rahim al-Nashiri, but did not "design", "implement" or "administer" *any actions*, let alone an "experimental torture program" as to Plaintiffs. While Defendants can testify as to their non-involvement with Plaintiffs Salim and ben Soud (and their limited involvement with Plaintiff Rahman) without further discovery, Defendants cannot corroborate this testimony absent evidence secured from the CIA.

Similarly, the suggestion that Defendants are not prejudiced by a lack of discovery because they were involved in the "torture program", and have knowledge of what occurred through their involvement, is simply incorrect. Because Defendants were *not* involved in any way with Plaintiffs Salim and ben Soud, and had only minimal involvement with Plaintiff Rahman some time prior to his death from hypothermia, Defendants lack such knowledge, and are reliant on the discovery sought to demonstrate what did occur during Plaintiffs' detentions and interrogations and Defendants' lack of involvement in those events.

The depositions of Cotsana, Haspel and Doe are particularly important in that regard, as the Court previously declined to order production of documents related to Plaintiffs Salim and ben Soud's detentions and interrogations unless

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such documents also referred to Defendants. [October 4, 2016 Order re: Motion to Compel; ECF No. 31]. No such documents have been produced. While the absence of such documents logically demonstrates Defendants' lack of involvement with Plaintiffs Salim and ben Soud, the lack of such documents cannot readily be turned into evidence of non-involvement for a jury. The testimony of Cotsana, Haspel, and Doe, in contrast, will support, and strengthen, Defendants' denials of involvement (or minimal involvement with respect to Plaintiff Rahman).

Cotsana, Haspel and Doe also have direct knowledge of the plenary control exercised by the CIA. Nor is their testimony cumulative, as suggested by Plaintiffs. [Transcript, p. 22/17 - p. 23/12.] Defendants are aware of no rule or legal restriction on developing testimony from more than one witness on an issue, and Cotsana, Haspel and/or Doe will undoubtedly have additional, and different, knowledge from that of Jose Rodriguez and/or John Rizzo.

As has been recently reported in the press, Haspel ran the black site at which Abu Zubaydah was detained and interrogated. She would have been personally involved in the communications between CIA Headquarters and Defendants concerning that interrogation. Similarly, Cotsana and Doe were Defendants' direct supervisors during the relevant time periods, with Doe serving as Cotsana's successor. As such, they have direct, first-hand knowledge of the extent of Defendants' involvement in the development of any interrogation efforts and of Defendants' non-involvement with Plaintiffs specifically, or with non-High Value Detainees generally. Among other things, these witnesses are in a

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position to confirm that Defendants never engaged in any interrogation activities that had not been previously and specifically approved in advance by the CIA on a case-by-case basis. They would also know and be in a position to identify the interrogation program approved and implemented against High Value Detainees and to confirm that Defendants were involved exclusively with that effort; that Plaintiffs were not classified as High Value Detainees and were not part of the High Value Detainee program; and that Defendants were not involved in developing or authorizing techniques for Plaintiffs' interrogations.

It is perhaps understandable that Plaintiffs prefer Defendants not obtain such testimony to support their defenses. It may even be understandable that the US is more concerned about protecting its view of classified information than with permitting Defendants to develop the truth about their non-involvement with Plaintiffs Salim and ben Soud and their minimal involvement with Plaintiff Rahman. However, it would neither be understandable, nor appropriate, for the Court to deprive Defendants of such evidence. Accordingly, the Court should compel the depositions of Haspel and Doe.

Subject to the observations above, Defendants do not object to the U.S. suggestion that consideration in a single, consolidated brief addressing all of the privilege issues is appropriate.

DATED this 24th day of February, 2017.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 24th day of February, 2017, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing to the following:

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